(Convenience translation into English from the original previously issued in Portuguese) CIMENTO TUPI S.A. (Under Court-Ordered Reorganization)

Independent auditor's report

Individual and consolidated financial statements As at December 31, 2022 CIMENTO TUPI S.A. (Under Court-Ordered Reorganization)

Individual and consolidated financial statements As at December 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE INDIVIDUAL AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the Management and Shareholders of Cimento Tupi S.A. - Under Court-Ordered Reorganization Rio de Janeiro - RJ

Opinion on the individual and consolidated financial statements

We have audited the individual and consolidated financial statements of Cimento Tupi S.A. - Under Court-Ordered Reorganization ("Company"), identified as parent company and consolidated, which comprise the individual and consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2022 and the respective individual and consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, as well as the corresponding notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying individual and consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the individual and consolidated financial position of Cimento Tupi S.A. - Under Court-Ordered Reorganization as at December 31, 2022, its individual and consolidated financial performance and its individual and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Brazilian accounting practices and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Basis for opinion on the individual and consolidated financial statements

We conducted our audit in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the individual and consolidated financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company and its controlled companies in accordance with the relevant ethical principles established in the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants and in the professional standards issued by the Brazilian Federal Council of Accounting (CFC), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these standards. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis

Approval of Court-Ordered Reorganization Plan and material uncertainty as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern

We draw attention to Notes 1.1. and 31 to the individual and consolidated financial statements, that on February 08, 2024, the Company entered into an agreement to support its restructuring with a group of creditors representing approximately 80% of the Company's total credits. In view of that, on February 23, 2024, the Company under Reorganization presented a New Court-Ordered Reorganization Plan ("New Plan"), for approval of its creditors who have not yet been paid by the previous plan.



On May 03, 2024, the Company requested the 3rd Business Court the ratification of its New Plan approved by obtaining sufficient number of creditors' Terms of Adhesion for such approval, without the need to hold a Creditors' Meeting, as provided for in Articles 45, 45-A and 58 of the LRF. The publication in the Electronic Court Register (DJE) of the approval decision for the New Plan occurred on July 03, 2024, enabling the Company to pay its creditors again, as established in the New Plan. With the protocol of the New Plan, all effects of the previous Court-Ordered Reorganization Plan (PRJ) cease to have effect and acts performed during its term are cancelled, except payments made to creditors under this plan that are expressly authorized, validated and ratified for all legal purposes by the New Plan.

Additionally, as at December 31, 2022, the Company reported accumulated losses of R\$ 2,100,418 thousand and individual and consolidated current liabilities exceeded individual and consolidated current assets by R\$ 3,460,930 thousand and R\$ 3,348,089 thousand, respectively, and presented deficit in equity of R\$ 1,789,924 thousand. The Company's individual and consolidated interim financial information was prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern, which considers the success in implementing the PRJ. These events or conditions indicate that there are significant uncertainties that may cast doubt on the going concern of the Company and its controlled companies. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of this matter.

Other matters

Restatement of the individual and consolidated financial statements

On March 16, 2023, we issued an unmodified audit report on the Company's individual and consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, which are now being restated, as a result of adjustments made by the Company in its individual and consolidated financial statements and disclosures in other notes, as described in Note 5 to the individual and consolidated financial statements. This audit report, issued on that date, considers the restatement and replaces the report previously issued on the aforementioned date. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Statements of Value Added

The individual and consolidated statements of value added, prepared under the responsibility of the Company's Management, for the year ended December 31, 2022, and presented as supplementary information for IFRS purposes, were submitted to the same audit procedures followed for the audit of the Company's individual and consolidated financial statements. In order to form an opinion, we have checked whether these statements are reconciled with the individual and consolidated financial statements and accounting records, as applicable, and whether its form and contents meet the criteria established in Technical Pronouncement CPC 09 - Statement of Value Added. In our opinion, the individual and consolidated statements of value added were properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the criteria established in that Technical Pronouncement and are consistent with the individual and consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

Responsibilities of Management and those charged with governance for the individual and consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the individual and consolidated financial statements in accordance with Brazilian accounting practices and with the IFRS, issued by IASB, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of individual and consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the individual and consolidated financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's and its controlled companies' ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless it either intends to liquidate the Company and its controlled companies or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's and its controlled companies' financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the individual and consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the individual and consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Brazilian and International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these individual and consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Brazilian standards and ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the individual and consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls;
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's and its controlled companies' internal controls;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and disclosures made by Management;
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's and its controlled companies' ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the individual and consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company and its controlled companies to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the individual and consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the individual and consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation;
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the companies or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the individual and consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that we identify during our audit.



The accompanying financial statements have been translated into English for the convenience of readers outside Brazil.

Rio de Janeiro, September 23, 2024.

BDO RCS Auditores Independentes SS Ltda. CRC 2 SP 013846/F

Cristiano Mendes de Oliveira Accountant CRC 1 RJ 078157/0-2

Statements of financial position As at December 31, 2022 and 2021 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

	Parent company		Consolida	ated
	2022	• • •	2022	
	(Restated)	2021	(Restated)	2021
Assets				
Current				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 7)	2,012	3,116	56,446	26,660
Accounts receivable (Note 8)	25,609	22,163	25,655	22,163
Inventories (Note 9)	70,472	70,656	108,419	105,690
Recoverable taxes (Note 10)	44,857	35,168	45,248	35,279
Notes receivable (Note 11)	-	-	3,127	3,635
Advances to suppliers	2,788	6,435	8,011	7,348
Other current assets	2,884	2,286	3,360	2,579
Total current assets	148,622	139,824	250,266	203,354
Noncurrent				
Notes receivable (Note 11)	4,045	4,922	4,045	4,922
Receivables from third parties	1,948	1,948	1,948	1,948
Related parties (Note 16)	46,430	20,397	-	-
Recoverable taxes (Note 10)	91,089	129,002	91,089	129,002
Deferred Income and Social Contribution				
Taxes (Note 22)	794,311	305,798	794,311	305,798
Court deposits (Note 23)	14,823	12,696	15,528	13,401
Investments				
Controlled companies (Note 12)	119,427	106,443	-	-
Other investments	-	-	249	249
Fixed assets (Note 13)	567,404	559,283	595,474	586,913
Intangible assets (Note 14)	129,075	128,978	153,127	151,533
Total noncurrent assets	1,768,552	1,269,467	1,655,771	1,193,766
Total assets	1,917,174	1,409,291	1,906,037	1,397,120

Statements of financial position As at December 31, 2022 and 2021 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

	Parent cor	mpany	Consolid	ated
	2022		2022	
	(Restated)	2021	(Restated)	2021
Liabilities				
Current				
Loans and financing (Note 15)	3,471,155	3,438,772	3,471,155	3,438,772
Trade accounts payable	38,111	55,710	38,888	56,484
Payroll and social charges	12,155	18,780	12,677	19,178
Income and Social Contribution Taxes payable	1,525	-	1,733	62
Related parties (Note 16)	15,592	15,592	-	-
Taxes and contributions in installments (Note				
17)	49,669	36,834	51,848	38,886
Taxes payable (Note 18)	11,089	8,326	11,327	8,541
Other accounts payable (Note 19)	10,256	17,436	10,727	17,556
Total current liabilities	3,609,552	3,591,450	3,598,355	3,579,479
Noncurrent		045 505		045 505
Loans and financing (Note 15)	-	215,525	-	215,525
Trade accounts payable	-	-	-	-
Taxes and contributions in installments (Note 17)	91,051	101,520	93,710	105,896
Provision for contingencies (Note 23)	3,847	101,520	3,847	105,890
Provision for loss on investments (Note 20)	2,648	4,625	5,047	10
Other accounts payable (Note 19)	2,040	4,023	-	4,196
Total noncurrent liabilities	97,546	325,881	97,557	325,632
	77,010	020,001	77,007	020,002
Equity (Note 21)				
Capital stock	298,809	298,809	298,809	298,809
Capital reserves	11,685	11,685	11,685	11,685
Accumulated losses	(2,100,418)	(2,818,534)	(2,100,418)	(2,818,534)
Total equity attributable to controlling		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· · ·
shareholders	(1,789,924)	(2,508,040)	(1,789,924)	(2,508,040)
Noncontrolling interest	-	-	49	49
Total equity	(1,789,924)	(2,508,040)	(1,789,875)	(2,507,991)
Total liabilities and equity	1,917,174	1,409,291	1,906,037	1,397,120
· ·				

Statements of operations

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, except losses per share, stated in Brazilian Reais)

	Parent con	npany	Consolida	ated
-	2022			
	(Restated)	2021	(Restated)	2021
Net operating revenue (Note 24)	601,462	495,776	596,309	491,573
Cost of goods sold	(440,894)	(352,268)	(433,745)	(349,404)
Gross profit	160,568	143,508	162,564	142,169
On crating ownerses				
Operating expenses	(12,428)	(11,204)	(12 120)	$(11 \ 204)$
Selling expenses General and administrative expenses (Note 25)	(86,375)	(44,870)	(12,428) (88,022)	(11,204) (47,214)
Other operating revenues (expenses), net (Note	(00,375)	(44,070)	(00,022)	(47,214)
26)	(5,798)	(5,992)	(3,530)	(5,675)
	(104,601)	(62,066)	(103,980)	(64,093)
	(104,001)	(02,000)	(103,700)	(04,093)
Operating income (loss) before equity in				
earnings (losses) of controlled companies and				
financial income (loss)	55,967	81,442	58,584	78,076
Equity in earnings (losses) of controlled companies				
(Note 12)	5,977	(2,989)	-	-
Financial income (loss) (Note 27)	((1,100)		((0,000)	
Financial expenses	(61,489)	(256,587)	(62,230)	(256,923)
Financial revenues	226,566	5,075	232,771	6,080
	165,077	(251,512)	170,541	(250,843)
Income (loss) before Income and Social	·			
Contribution taxes	227,021	(173,059)	229,125	(172,767)
	1 -			
Income and Social Contribution Taxes (Note 22)	491,095	45,203	488,991	44,911
Noncontrolling interest	-	-	-	-
Net income (loss) for the year	718,116	(127,856)	718,116	(127,856)
Net income (loss) for the year attributable to	710 11/		710 11/	
Controlling shareholder	718,116	(127,856)	718,116	(127,856)
Noncontrolling shareholder	-	-	-	-
Basic and diluted net earnings (losses) per share				
(Note 21)				
Preferred shares	31.8980	(5.4211)	-	-
Common shares	28.9982	(5.4211)	-	-
		<u> </u>		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the	so individual and co	nsolidatod fina	acial statements	

Statements of comprehensive income (loss) For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

	Parent con	npany	Consolida	ated
	2022 (Restated)	2021	2022 (Restated)	2021
Net income (loss) for the year Other comprehensive income	718,116	(127,856)	718,116	(127,856)
Total comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes	718,116	(127,856)	718,116	(127,856)
Attributable to Controlling shareholder Noncontrolling shareholder	718,116	(127,856)	718,116	(127,856)

Statements of changes in equity For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

		Capital reserve				
	Capital stock	Goodwill on subscription of shares	Accumulated losses	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total
As at December 31, 2020	298,809	11,685	(2,690,678)	(2,380,184)	50	(2,380,134)
Loss for the year	-	-	(127,856)	(127,856)	(1)	(127,856)
As at December 31, 2021	298,809	11,685	(2,818,534)	(2,508,040)	49	(2,507,991)
Net income for the year	-	-	718,116	718,116	-	718,116
As at December 31, 2022 (restated)	298,809	11,685	(2,100,418)	(1,789,924)	49	(1,789,875)
The accompanying notes are an integral part of	these individual and	consolidated financia	l statements.			

Statements of cash flows For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

	Parent com	ipany	Consolidated	
	2022 (Restated)	2021	2022 (Restated)	2021
Cash flows from operating activities Income before Income and Social Contribution taxes	227,021	(173,059)	229,125	(172,767)
Adjustments of items that do not affect cash and cash				
equivalents:	21 527		22.007	21 4/0
Depreciation/amortization Fixed assets written-off	21,526 313	20,538 4,167	22,886 459	21,460 4,050
Equity in earnings (losses) of controlled companies	(5,977)	2,989	+37	4,000
Contingencies	4,098	(3,589)	4,098	(3,589)
Exchange rate gains (losses) on loans abroad	(215,173)	205,419	(215,173)	205,419
Discount to present value	(359)	(326)	(359)	(326)
Fines and interest on assets	(9,555)	(4,027)	(9,696)	(4,029)
Fines and interest on liabilities Allowance for doubtful accounts	51,814 220	49,360 207	52,403 220	49,640 207
Other asset/liability write-offs	- 220	- 207	(1,021)	- 207
-				
Adjusted income	73,928	101,679	82,942	100,065
Increase/(decrease) in asset accounts				
Accounts receivable	(3,665)	(2,831)	(3,712)	(2,831)
Notes receivable	1,243	1,111	2,771	1,024
Recoverable taxes	(135,638)	(148,135)	(140,995)	(150,575)
Inventories Advances to suppliers	184 3,647	(17,760) (2,079)	(2,729) (663)	(19,836) (1,852)
Other assets	(1,691)	(867)	(782)	191
Court deposits	(2,131)	2,821	(2,131)	2,265
Increase (decrease) in liability accounts				
Trade accounts payable	(17,600)	13,251	(17,597)	7,112
Tax liabilities	164,385	117,263	165,491	117,304
Payroll and social charges	1,195	(296)	1,320	(115)
Paid interest on loans Other liabilities	(247) (11,638)	(6) 3,035	(247) (11,286)	(6) 3,131
Net cash from operating activities	71,972	67,186	72,382	55,877
Cash flows from investing activities			(00, 100)	(0, (, (0, 0))
Acquisition of fixed assets Disposal of fixed assets	(31,190)	(34,635)	(33,133)	(36,430)
Acquisition of intangible assets	(161)	(158)	- (1,661)	(339)
Acquisition of investments	(8,983)	(11,399)	-	(007)
Net cash from investing activities	(40,334)	(46,192)	(34,794)	(36,768)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Advance for Future Increase in Capital (AFAC) - Related-party				
payments	(24,940)	(8,592)	-	-
Paid loans and financing	(7,802)	(11,520)	(7,802)	(11,520)
Net cash from financing activities	(32,742)	(20,112)	(7,802)	(11,520)
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents, net	(1,104)	882	29,786	7,589
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	3,116	2,234	26,660	19,071
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2,012	3,116	56,446	26,660

Statements of value added For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

_	Parent company		Consolidat	ted
	2022		2022	
	(Restated)	2021	(Restated)	2021
Revenues				
Gross operating revenue	803,607	662,071	804,600	662,333
Sales returns	(1,835)	(992)	(1,835)	(992)
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(220)	(207)	(220)	(207)
Other operating revenues (expenses), net	(11)	(1,636)	550	(1,284)
	801,541	659,236	803,095	659,850
Inputs acquired from third parties				
Cost of goods sold	(351,095)	(298,665)	(338,097)	(291,736)
Materials, energy, third-party services and others	(181,675)	(127,510)	(181,123)	(129,560)
Gross value added	268,771	233,061	283,875	238,554
Withholdings				
Depreciation and amortization	(21,526)	(20,538)	(22,886)	(21,460)
Net value added generated	247,245	212,523	260,989	217,094
Value added received through transfer				
Equity in earnings (losses) of controlled				
companies	5,977	(2,989)	-	-
Financial revenues	226,566	5,075	232,771	6,080
Deferred Income and Social Contribution Taxes	496,652	61,919	496,652	61,919
Total value added to be distributed	976,440	276,528	990,412	285,093
Controlling shareholders	976,440	276,528	990,412	285,093
Noncontrolling shareholders	-	-	-	-
Value added distribution				
Personnel and charges	71,418	56,736	75,629	59,508
Taxes, fees and contributions	121,545	87,514	130,537	92,827
Interest and rent	65,361	260,134	66,130	260,614
Net income (loss) for the year	718,116	(127,856)	718,116	(127,856)
Value added distributed	976,440	276,528	990,412	285,093
=				

1. Operations

Cimento Tupi S.A. - Under Court-Ordered Reorganization ("Cimento Tupi" or "Company"), headquartered at Av. das Américas, 500, Rooms 205 and 206, Barra da Tijuca, Rio de Janeiro, is engaged in manufacturing cement and mortars of all types in its manufacturing plants located in Volta Redonda (RJ), Pedra do Sino (MG) and Mogi das Cruzes (SP), digging in reserves to obtain minerals, using cement byproducts, rendering concreting services and holding interest in other companies.

After the marked economic slowdown in the country, which had a significant impact on the cement sector between 2014 and 2019, the average price of cement increased in 2020 and remained unchanged throughout 2021 and 2022.

In 2022, according to the preliminary results of SNIC (National Cement Industry Union), there was a 2.8% decline in cement sales compared to 2021. The accelerated increase in production costs of the cement industry contributed to this low performance, which has been maintaining a high percentage of readjustment since 2020, coupled with the advance of interest rates and inflation. Despite the improvement in the unemployment rate, the high level of household debt and the rising interest rate compromised the cement industry's performance.

As for its indebtedness, considering that a large part of its debt is in foreign currency, the Company is exposed to exchange rate volatility.

The statements of 2022 are being restated to reflect the effects of the annulment on April 19, 2023 by the Court of Rio de Janeiro of the General Creditor's Meeting, held on October 14, 2021, in which the PRJ of the Company had been approved by most of its creditors.

Management considers the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern, based on operating and financial projections contained in an economic feasibility report prepared by a specialized company that was attached to the New Court-Ordered Reorganization Plan ("New Plan") filed on February 23, 2024, and approved by its petition creditors not settled by the previous plan, which indicate that the Company will generate sufficient funds to continue operating and meeting its duties for the foreseeable future. These projections (Statements of financial position, operations and cash flows) are based on Cimento Tupi's historical results and price and volume trends for the coming years, an analysis of the sector, and current market indicators, as well as the costs involved in operations, investments and payment of financial under the conditions provided for in the Court-Ordered liabilities Reorganization Plan ("PRJ") to be approved.

1.1. Court-Ordered Reorganization Plan

On January 21, 2021, the Company filed its request for court-ordered reorganization with the 3rd Business Court of the District of Rio de Janeiro, which was approved on January 22, 2021. On March 26, 2021, it filed its PRJ, which describes the means to be used for the reorganization (restructuring of indebtedness through payment proposals to creditors subjected to the court-ordered reorganization, disposal of assets, increase and maintenance of activities, and other means detailed in the Plan), containing an economic feasibility study, a breakdown of the Company's financial and economic position, and valuation reports on its assets.

The PRJ presented by the Company at the General Creditor's Meeting held on October 14, 2021, was approved by the majority of the creditors, and ratified by the Judge of the Court-Ordered Reorganization on February 04, 2022.

On April 19, 2023, the Court of Appeals of Rio de Janeiro issued a decision, by majority of votes, annulling the General Creditors' Meeting held on October 14, 2021, in which the PRJ had been approved by the massive majority of its creditors, whose credits have been granted and validated by the trustee and judge in lower court.

By virtue of this decision, the Company was legally prevented from continuing to make payments to its creditors.

On February 08, 2024, the Company entered into an agreement to support its restructuring with a group of creditors that represent approximately 80% of the Company's total credits. In view of that, on February 23, 2024, the Company under Reorganization presented a New Plan, for approval of its petition creditors who have not yet been paid by the previous plan, which was approved by obtaining sufficient number of creditors' Terms of Adhesion for such approval, without the need to hold a Creditors' Meeting, as provided for in Articles 45, 45-A and 58 of Recovery and Bankruptcy Law (LRF). The publication in the Electronic Court Register (DJE) of the approval decision for the New Plan occurred on July 03, 2024, enabling the Company to pay its creditors again, as established in the New Plan.

The publication of the decision approving the New Plan in the Official Gazette of the State of Rio de Janeiro occurred on July 03, 2024 so that the legal actions in Brazil against the Company by a certain group of creditors have been ended.

> It is worth noting that, with the approval of the New Plan, all effects of the previous PRJ cease to have effect and acts performed during its term are cancelled, except payments made to creditors under this plan that are expressly authorized, validated and ratified for all legal purposes by the New Plan.

> On February 11, 2021, the Company filed a request with the New York Court for recognition of its court-ordered reorganization, in progress in Brazil, as the main proceeding in the Company's restructuring process, based on Chapter 15 of the United States Bankruptcy Code, so that the conditions of the Reorganization Plan become mandatory and bind all holders of Notes. With the approval of the New Plan in Brazil, on 09/10/24, the "Motion Enforcing the Brazilian Reorganization Plan" was filed in the Court of New York. The hearing on this procedure is expected to occur in October. On 08/06/24 was filed a petition of withdrawal by the authors of the lawsuit filed in the same jurisdiction by certain holders of notes against the Company, not yet approved by the Court of New York, definitively ending the lawsuit in progress in that country.

> Considering the annulment of the General Meeting of Creditors of October 14, 2021 in which the PRJ had been approved, it is necessary to restate the statements for 2022, as a result of adjustments made to the individual and consolidated financial statements and disclosures in other notes, as described in Note 5 to the individual and consolidated financial statements.

2. Presentation of the individual and consolidated material accounting policies

The restated individual and consolidated financial statements, have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern and has been approved by the Board of Directors on September 23, 2024.

The Company's individual and consolidated financial statements were and are presented in accordance with the Brazilian accounting practices and with the pronouncements issued by the Committee of Accounting Pronouncements (CPC), in conformity with the international accounting standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The individual and consolidated financial statements includes comparative information regarding the previous year.

The individual and consolidated financial statements were prepared based on the historical cost, except for certain financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ("functional currency"). The individual and consolidated financial statements is presented in thousands of Brazilian Reais (R\$ thousand), which is the Company's functional and reporting currency.

The individual and consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with various valuation bases used for accounting estimates. The accounting estimates involved in the preparation of the individual and consolidated financial statements were based on objective and subjective factors and Management's judgment to determine the proper fair value to be recorded in the financial statements. Significant items subject to estimates include: allowance for doubtful accounts, provision for obsolescence of inventories, determination of useful life of fixed asset items, deferred Income and Social Contribution Taxes, provision for contingencies, and measurement of fair value of financial instruments. Transaction settlement involving those estimates may result in amounts significantly different from those recorded in the individual and consolidated financial statements, due to the inherent inaccuracy of the process. The Company reviews these estimates and assumptions at least once a year.

Summary of material accounting policies

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these individual and consolidated financial statements are summarized below. These policies were consistently applied in the reported years.

- (a) Basis of consolidation
 - (i) Controlled companies

The Company controls an entity when it is exposed to, or is entitled to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and it is able to affect these returns by exerting its control over the entity.

The controlled companies' financial statements are included in the consolidated financial statements as from the date the control starts until the control no longer exists.

The controlled companies' financial statements are recognized using the equity method in the Parent Company's individual financial statements.

(ii) Loss of control

When the Entity loses control over a controlled company, it derecognizes the assets and liabilities and any noncontrolling interest and other components recorded in equity related to this controlled company. Any gain or loss arising from the loss of control is recognized in the statement of operations. If the Company holds any interest in the former controlled company, it is measured at its fair value on the date the control was lost.

(iii) Transactions eliminated in consolidation

Related-party transactions and balances, or any unrealized revenues or expenses arising from transactions with the Company and controlled companies are eliminated. Unrealized gains from transactions with investees accounted for on an equity basis are eliminated against the investment proportionally to the Company's interest in the investees. Unrealized losses are eliminated in the same way, but only when the transaction shows no evidence of impairment loss.

- (b) Foreign currency
 - (i) Foreign-currency transactions

Foreign-currency transactions are translated into the respective functional currencies of the entities of Company at the exchange rates in effect at the transaction dates.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated and calculated in foreign currencies are retranslated into the functional currency at the exchange rate calculated as at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate on the date fair value was calculated. Non-monetary items stated at historical cost in foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate prevailing as at transaction date. Foreign currency differences arising from the translation are usually recognized in income (loss).

(ii) Foreign transactions

Assets and liabilities from foreign transactions, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising from the acquisition, are translated into Brazilian Reais at the exchange rates as at the reporting date. Revenues and expenses from foreign transactions are translated into Brazilian Reais at the exchange rates as at transactions dates.

The differences in foreign currency arising from the translation to the reporting currency are recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) and accumulated under asset and liability valuation adjustments in equity. If the controlled company is not wholly-owned, the corresponding portion of the translation difference is attributed to the non-controlling shareholders.

(c) Financial instruments - Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

Financial instruments are initially recorded at their fair value, plus, in the case of financial assets or liabilities other than at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of financial assets or liabilities. They are subsequently measured at each reporting date according to the classification of financial instruments in the following categories: (i) at amortized cost, (ii) at fair value through profit or loss and (iii) at fair value through other comprehensive income (loss).

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported on the statement of financial position when the Company is legally entitled to offset the amounts and has the intention to settle them on a net basis or simultaneously realize the asset and settle the liability. The legal right must not depend on future events and must be applicable in the regular course of business and in case of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or counterparty.

The Company's financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, accounts receivable and related-party receivables.

- (d) Operating revenue
 - (i) Sale of goods

The operating revenue is recognized when (i) the most significant risks and benefits inherent to ownership of assets are transferred to the buyer, (ii) financial economic benefits are probable to flow to the Company, (iii) the associated costs and possible return of goods can be reliably estimated, (iv) there is no continuous involvement with the sold assets, and (v) the revenue value can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured net of returns, business discounts and bonuses.

(e) Financial revenues and expenses

The Company's financial revenues and expenses comprise:

- Interest revenue;
- Interest expenses;
- Revenue from dividends;

- Net gains from/losses on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss;
- Net exchange rate gains/losses on financial assets and liabilities;
- Net gains/losses on hedging instruments which are recognized in income (loss);

Interest expenses and revenues are recognized in income under the effective interest rate method.

Dividend revenue is recognized in the statement of operations on the date the Company's right to receive payment is established.

The Company classifies dividends and interest on equity capital received as cash flows from investing activities.

(f) Income and Social Contribution taxes

Current and deferred Income and Social Contribution Taxes are calculated at the following rates: 15% plus a 10% surtax on any taxable income in excess of R\$ 240 thousand, in the case of Income Tax; and 9% on taxable income, in the case of Social Contribution Tax, considering Income and Social Contribution tax loss carryforwards, up to 30% of taxable income.

Income and Social Contribution tax expenses include current and deferred income taxes. Current and deferred taxes are recognized in income (loss) unless they are related to a business combination or to items directly recognized in equity or in other comprehensive income (loss).

(i) Expense on current Income and Social Contribution taxes

Current tax expenses are the estimated tax payable or receivable calculated on taxable income or loss for the year, as well as any adjustment to payable taxes from prior years. Current taxes payable or receivable are recognized in the statement of financial position as tax assets or liabilities at the estimate of the expected amount of taxes to be paid or received that best reflects uncertainties related to its calculation, if any. They are measured based on tax rates as at the reporting date.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria are met.

(ii) Deferred income and social contribution tax expenses

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for temporary differences between book values of assets and liabilities for financial statement purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes.

Changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities in the year are recognized as deferred Income and Social Contribution tax expenses. Deferred taxes are not recognized for:

- Temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction which is not a business combination and that does not affect taxable income or loss nor accounting result;
- Taxable temporary differences arising from initial recognition of goodwill.

A deferred tax asset is recognized according to nonutilized deductible tax losses and temporary differences, when it is probable that future taxable income will be available and against which they will be used. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that they will be realized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the rates which are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, at the established rates as at the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences arising from the manner in which the Company expects to recover or settle its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria are met.

(g) Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at their nominal and realization amounts, and trade accounts receivable abroad (if any) are adjusted according to the exchange rates in force at the date of the financial statements. When applicable, an allowance is recognized in an amount considered sufficient by Management for allowance for doubtful accounts based on an individual analysis of amounts receivable, considering: (i) the concept of incurred loss and expected loss, taking into account events of default that are likely to occur within twelve months after the date of disclosure of these financial statements, (ii) financial instruments that have significantly increased credit risk, but do not present objective evidence of impairment, and; (iii) financial assets that have already presented objective evidence of impairment as at December 31, 2022.

The allowance for doubtful accounts were recognized in an amount considered necessary and sufficient by Management to cover probable losses on the realization of these credits, which may be changed due to the recovery of credits from debtors or changes in the financial situation of clients.

The discount to present value of trade accounts receivable is not relevant due to its short-term realization.

(h) Impairment of financial assets

The Company and its controlled companies evaluate at least once a year if there is objective evidence that the financial asset or group of financial assets is not recoverable.

A financial asset or a group of financial assets is considered not to be recoverable if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that happened after the initial recognition of the asset ("loss event"), with such event affecting estimated future cash flow of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reasonably estimated.

Financial liabilities, which are initially recognized at fair value, include trade accounts payable, loans and financing and related-party payables.

(i) Inventories

Inventories are stated at cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower. Cost is determined by using the average acquisition cost, not exceeding market value. Provisions for slow-moving or obsolete inventories are recognized when considered necessary by the Company's Management.

(j) Investments in controlled companies

A controlled company is an entity over which the Company exercises significant influence.

Based on the equity method, investment in controlled companies is accounted for in the statement of financial position at cost, plus changes after the acquisition of ownership interest in the controlled company.

Ownership interest held in the controlled company is stated in the statement of operations as equity in earnings (losses), representing the net income attributable to the shareholders of the controlled company.

When a change is directly recognized in equity of the controlled company, the Company recognizes its portion of the changes, and discloses this event, if applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. In the consolidated financial statements, unrealized gains and losses arising from transactions between the Company and its controlled company are eliminated according to the ownership interest held in such controlled company.

The financial statements of the controlled company are prepared for the same period of disclosure as the Company's. Adjustments are made, if necessary, to align the accounting practices with those adopted by the Company.

After applying the equity method, the Company determines if additional impairment of its investments in controlled companies needs to be recognized. The Company determines, as at each reporting closing date, whether there is objective evidence that such investments in controlled company were impaired. If so, the Company calculates the impairment loss as the difference between the recoverable value of the controlled company and its book value, and also recognizes the amount in the statement of operations.

The controlled companies' assets and liabilities abroad are translated into Brazilian reais at the exchange rate as at the reporting date, and the related statements of operations are translated at the average monthly exchange rate. Exchange differences resulting from such translation are individually accounted for in equity.

- (k) Fixed assets
 - (i) Recognition and measurement

Fixed asset items are measured at historical acquisition or construction cost, including costs of capitalized loan, less accumulated depreciation and impairment.

Any gains and losses on the disposal of a fixed asset item are recognized in income (loss).

(ii) Subsequent costs

Subsequent costs are capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with them will be obtained by the Company.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to amortize the cost of fixed asset items, net of its estimated residual values, using the straight-line method based on estimated useful life of the items. Depreciation is recognized in income (loss). Leased assets are depreciated at the lower period between the estimated useful lives of the assets and the contract term, unless it is more likely than not that the Company will obtain the item by the end of the lease term. Plots of land are not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of fixed assets are as follows:

	Years	Rate
Buildings	50	2%
Industrial machinery, equipment and facilities	30	3.33%
Furniture and fixtures	10	10%
Vehicles	5	20%
Railway wagons	30	3.33%
Others	5 to 25	4% to 20%

The depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed as at each reporting date and adjusted if necessary.

(I) Intangible assets and goodwill

Recognition and measurement

Goodwill

Goodwill is measured at cost, less accumulated impairment losses.

Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets acquired by the Company and with finite useful lives are measured at cost, less accumulated amortization and any losses accumulated by impairment.

Amortization

Amortization is calculated using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful life of the items, net of their estimated residual values. It is usually recognized in income (loss). Goodwill is not amortized.

(m) Impairment loss

(i) Nonderivative financial assets

Financial assets not classified as measured at fair value through profit or loss, including investments accounted for using the equity method, are tested on the reporting date to determine if there is objective evidence of impairment.

Objective evidence of impairment includes:

- Late payment or default of the debtor;
- Restructuring of an amount owed to the Company in circumstances that would not be accepted under normal conditions;
- Indication that debtors or issuers will go bankrupt/request court-ordered reorganization;

- Negative changes in the situation of payments from debtors or issuers;
 - The disappearance of an active market for the instrument due to financial difficulties; or
 - Observable data indicating reduction in projected cash flows of a group of financial assets.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

Impairment loss is calculated as the difference between the book value and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate of the asset. Losses are recognized in the statement of operations and in a provision account. When the Company considers that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, the amounts are written off. When a subsequent event indicates a reduction in impairment, the provision is reverted through income (loss).

Investments accounted for under the equity method

Impairment losses related to investees accounted for under the equity method are measured by comparing the recoverable value of the investment and its book value. They are recognized in income (loss) and reversed if there is a favorable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable value.

(ii) Nonfinancial assets

The recoverable value of an asset or CGU is the higher between value in use and fair value less selling costs. The value in use is based on estimated future cash flows, discounted to present value at a discount rate before taxes that reflects current market valuations of the time value of money and of the specific risks of the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized if the book value of the asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable value.

A goodwill-related impairment loss is not reversed. As for other assets, impairment losses are reversed only if the asset's new book value does not exceed the book value that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if the impairment loss had not been recognized.

(n) Trade accounts payable

Trade accounts payable are obligations payable for assets or services acquired in the ordinary course of business. They are classified as current liabilities if payment is due in a period of up to one year.

Otherwise, they are stated as noncurrent liabilities. They are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. In practice, they are usually recognized at the corresponding billed amount.

(o) Loans and financing

With the filing of its application for Court-ordered Reorganization of the Company in January 2021, loans and financing subject to court-ordered reorganization ceased to have interest incurred until the approval of the Court-ordered Reorganization Plan, which occurred in July 2024, passing the interest and other financial conditions from the publication in the Official Gazette of the approval decision that occurred on July 3, 2024, to be those provided for in the Plan.

Post-petition loans and financing remain with its effective interest rates incurred up to the reporting dates, in accordance with the financial agreement terms, less transaction costs incurred in raising of funds.

Costs of loans directly related to the acquisition, construction or manufacturing of an asset, that necessarily requires a significant time to be finished for use purposes, are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset. Loan costs include interest and other costs incurred by an entity related to the loan.

(p) Accounts receivable from and/or payable to related parties

These are stated at realization and present values. Management does not have the policy of recognizing allowance for doubtful accounts in transactions with related parties.

(q) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company and its controlled companies have an actual obligation (legal or informal) as a result of past events, funds are likely to be necessary to settle this obligation and a reliable estimate of its amount can be made.

When the Company and its controlled companies expect the amount of a provision to be reimbursed, fully or partially, by means of an insurance contract, for example, this reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset, but only when its realization is considered virtually certain.

The Company and its controlled companies are party to legal and administrative proceedings.

Provisions are recognized for contingencies related to legal lawsuits to which funds are likely to be necessary to settle the contingency/obligation and a reasonable estimate may be done. The evaluation of the likelihood of loss considers the evidence available, the hierarchy of laws, available case law, the most recent court decisions and their significance in the legal system, as well as the opinion of external legal advisors. Provisions are reviewed and adjusted to take into account changes in circumstances in which the Company and its controlled companies are included.

- (r) Capital stock
 - (i) Common shares

Additional costs directly attributable to the issuance of shares and share options are recognized as deduction from equity. Tax effects related to the costs of these transactions are accounted for under CPC 32 / IAS 12.

(ii) Preferred shares

Non-redeemable preferred shares are classified in equity, as the payment of dividends is discretionary, and they do not generate any obligation to deliver cash or other financial assets of the Company and do not require settlement in a variable number of equity instruments. Discretionary dividends are recognized as distributions in equity at the date of their approval by the Company's shareholders.

(iii) Repurchase and reissue of shares (treasury shares)

When shares recognized in equity are repurchased, the value of the paid compensation, including directly attributable costs, is recognized as a deduction from equity. Repurchased shares are classified as treasury shares, being then presented as a deduction from equity. When treasury shares are sold or subsequently reissued, the amount received is recognized as an increase in equity, and the gains or losses resulting from transactions are stated as capital reserve.

s) Statements of cash flows and value added

The statements of cash flows were prepared and are presented according to the Accounting Pronouncement CPC 03 (R2) - Statement of cash flows, issued by the Committee of Accounting Pronouncements (CPC). The Statements of value added were prepared and are presented according to Technical Pronouncement CPC 09 - Statement of Value Added, also issued by CPCs.

3. Significant judgments, estimates and assumptions

Judgments

The preparation of the Company's individual and consolidated financial statements requires Management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, as well as the disclosure of contingent liabilities, as at the base date of the financial statements. However, the uncertainty related to these assumptions and estimates may lead to results requiring significant adjustments to the book value of the affected asset or liability in future periods.

Estimates and assumptions

The main assumptions related to uncertainties on future estimates and other significant sources of uncertainties at the reporting date, involving a material risk of resulting in a significant adjustment to the book value of assets and liabilities in the following year are discussed below.

a) Fair value of financial instruments

When the fair value of financial assets and liabilities presented in the statement of financial position cannot be obtained from active markets, valuation techniques are used, including the discounted cash flow method. Data used in these methods are based on those applied in the market, if possible. Otherwise, a certain level of judgment is required to determine fair value. Judgment includes considerations on the data used, e.g., liquidity risk, credit risk, and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors may affect the fair value of financial instruments.

b) Provisions for tax, civil and labor risks

The Company recognizes provisions for civil and labor claims. The evaluation of the likelihood of loss considers the evidence available, the hierarchy of laws, available case law, the most recent court decisions and their significance in the legal system, as well as the opinion of external legal advisors.

The provisions are reviewed and adjusted to take into consideration change in circumstances, such as applicable statutes of limitations, conclusions from tax inspections or additional exposures identified based on new matters or court decisions.

c) Impairment test

Management annually reviews the net book value of the Company's assets with the purpose of identifying events or changes in economic, operating or technological circumstances that may indicate impairment or loss of their recoverable amount. When this evidence is identified, the recoverable value of the asset is calculated and if the net book value exceeds recoverable value, an impairment charge is recognized writing the net book value down to recoverable value, when applicable.

The recoverable value of an asset or cash-generating unit is defined as the higher of its net sales price and value in use.

Assumptions used to determine asset values are based on the assessment or indication that assets recorded at book value exceed its recoverable value. These indications take into account the obsolescence of assets, the significant and unexpected reduction of its market value, changes in the macroeconomic environment in which the Company operates, and fluctuations in interest rates that may impact the future cash flows of cash generating units.

The Company's main assets that have their recoverable values annually tested at the end of each year are intangible assets with indefinite useful lives.

4. New standards and interpretations

During 2022, CPC issued revisions to the following standards, already in force in that year:

Standard or interpretation	Description
Amendment to IAS 16/CPC 27 - Fixed	The amendment prohibits an entity from deducting sale revenues
assets	from the cost of fixed assets while the assets are being prepared for their intended use. Such related costs and revenues must be recognized in income for the year.
Amendment to IAS 37/CPC 25 -	It elucidates that incremental costs of fulfillment and the
Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	allocation of other directly related costs are to be considered in evaluating whether a contract is onerous.
Amendment to IFRS 3/CPC 15 - Business Combination	It replaces references to the old version of the conceptual framework with references to the most recent one, issued in 2018.
IFRS 9/CPC 48 - Financial Instruments	It elucidates which rates must be included in the 10% test for write-off of financial liabilities.
IFRS 16/CPC 06 - Leases	Amendment to example 13 in order to exclude the example of lessor payments related to improvements in the leased property.
IFRS 1/CPC 37 - First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards	It simplifies the application of said standard by a controlled company adopting IFRSs for the first time after its parent company, in relation to the measurement of the accumulated amount of exchange rate gains (losses).
IAS 41/CPC 29 - Biological Assets	Removal of the requirement to exclude taxation (IR/CS) from cash flow estimates when measuring the fair value of biological assets and agricultural products, therefore aligning the requirements of fair value measurement set forth in IAS 41 with those of other IFRSs.

The adoption of these new and revised standards and interpretations did not result in material impacts on the Company's equity, financial position and income (loss), nor on their disclosure in these financial statements.

a) New or revised standards and interpretations of mandatory application as of January 01, 2023

Standard or interpretation	Description	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
CPC 50/ IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts	01/01/2023
Amendments to CPC 26/ IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Noncurrent	01/01/2023
Amendments to CPC 26/ IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2 - Making Material Judgments	Disclosure of Accounting Policies	01/01/2023
Amendments to CPC 23/ IAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates	01/01/2023

The adoption of these new and revised standards and interpretations did not result in material impacts on the Company's equity, financial position and income (loss), nor on their disclosure in these financial statements.

b) New and revised standards and interpretations already issued and not yet applicable

Standard or interpretation	Description	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
Amendments to CPC 26/ IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Noncurrent	01/01/2024
Amendments to CPC 06/ IFRS 16	Leaseback accounting	01/01/2024
Amendments to CPC 40/ IAS 7/ IFRS 7	Disclosure of information on finance arrangements	01/01/2024

Management does not expect that the adoption of the standards listed above will have material impacts on the Company's financial statements in future years.

5. Restatement of the financial statements for the year ended in 2022

The statements of 2022 are being restated to reflect the effects of the annulment on April 19, 2023, by the Court of Rio de Janeiro of the General Creditor's Meeting, held on October 14, 2021, in which the PRJ of the Company had been approved by most of its creditors. Thus, the haircut applied to some debts was reversed based on certain clauses of the previous PRJ that was replaced by the New Plan.

Consequently, the reversal of the haircut applied to some debts resulted in the following adjustments in the following accounts in the individual and consolidated financial statements:

- Taxes to offset;
- Deferred Income and Social Contribution taxes;
- Loans and financing;
- Trade accounts payable;
- Income and Social Contribution Taxes payable;
- Accumulated losses;
- Financial expenses;
- Financial revenues;
- Other revenues;
- Income and Social Contribution taxes.

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Statements of financial position

As at December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais):

		Parent company			Consolidated	
	Statements of financial position in 2022 (Disclosed)	Adjustments	Statements of financial position in 2022 (restated)	Statements of financial position in 2022 (disclosed)	Adjustments	Statements of financial position in 2022 (restated)
Current assets	i			<u> </u>		· · · ·
Cash and cash equivalents	2,012	-	2,012	56,446	-	56,446
Accounts receivable	25,609	-	25,609	25,655	-	25,655
Inventories	70,472	-	70,472	108,419	-	108,419
Taxes to offset	45,247	(390)	44,857	45,638	(390)	45,248
Notes receivable	-	-	-	3,127	-	3,127
Advances to suppliers	2,788	-	2,788	8,011	-	8,011
Other accounts receivable	2,884		2,884	3,360	-	3,360
Total current assets	149,012	(390)	148,622	250,656	(390)	250,266
Noncurrent assets						
Notes receivable	4,045	-	4,045	4,045	-	4,045
Receivables from third parties	1,948	-	1,948	1,948	-	1,948
Related-party transactions	46,430	-	46,430	-	-	-
Taxes to offset	91,089	-	91,089	91,089	-	91,089
Deferred Income and Social Contribution taxes	425,161	369,150	794,311	425,161	369,150	794,311
Court deposits	14,823	-	14,823	15,528	-	15,528
Investments						
Controlled companies	119,427	-	119,427	-	-	-
Other investments	-	-	-	249	-	249
Fixed assets	567,404	-	567,404	595,474	-	595,474
Intangible assets	129,075	-	129,075	153,127	-	153,127
Total noncurrent assets	1,399,402	369,150	1,768,552	1,286,621	369,150	1,655,771
Total assets	1,548,414	368,760	1,917,174	1,537,277	368,760	1,906,037

Statements of financial position

As at December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais):

		Parent company			Consolidated	
	Statement of financial position in 2022 (Disclosed)	Adjustments	Statements of financial position in 2022 (restated)	Statement of financial position in 2022 (Disclosed)	Adjustments	Statements of financial position in 2022 (restated)
Current liabilities						
Loans and financing	175,413	3,295,742	3,471,155	175,413	3,295,742	3,471,155
Trade accounts payable	23,134	14,977	38,111	23,911	14,977	38,888
Payroll and social charges	12,155	-	12,155	12,677	-	12,677
Income and Social Contribution Taxes payable	-	1,525	1,525	208	1,525	1,733
Accounts payable - related-parties	15,592	-	15,592	-	-	-
Taxes and contributions in installments	49,669	-	49,669	51,848	-	51,848
Taxes payable	11,089	-	11,089	11,327	-	11,327
Other accounts payable	10,256	-	10,256	10,727	-	10,727
Total current liabilities	297,308	3,312,244	3,609,552	286,111	3,312,244	3,598,355
Noncurrent						
Loans and financing	2,116,107	(2,116,107)	-	2,116,107	(2,116,107)	-
Trade accounts payable	14,976	(14,976)	-	14,976	(14,976)	-
Taxes and contributions in installments	91,051	-	91,051	93,710	-	93,710
Provisions for contingencies	3,847	-	3,847	3,847	-	3,847
Provision for loss on investments	2,648	-	2,648	-	-	-
Other accounts payable						
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,228,629	(2,131,083)	97,546	2,228,640	(2,131,083)	97,557
Equity						
Capital stock	298,809	-	298,809	298,809	-	298,809
Capital reserves	11,685	-	11,685	11,685	-	11,685
Accumulated losses	(1,288,017)	(812,401)	(2,100,418)	(1,288,017)	(812,401)	(2,100,418)
	(977,523)	(812,401)	(1,789,924)	(977,523)	(812,401)	(1,789,924)
Noncontrolling interest	-	-	-	49	-	49
Total equity	(977,523)	(812,401)	(1,789,924)	(977,474)	(812,401)	(1,789,875)

Total lightlitics and equity	1 5 10 111	240 740	1 017 174	1 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	240 740	1 004 027
Total liabilities and equity	1,548,414	368,760	1,917,174	1,007,277	368,760	1,906,037
				1.1.1		

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Statements of operations

As at December 31, 2022

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais, except losses per share, stated in Brazilian Reais):

		Parent company			Consolidated	
	Statements of		Statements of	Statements of		Statements of
	operations in 2022		operations in 2022	operations in 2022		operations in 2022
	(disclosed)	Adjustments	(restated)	(disclosed)	Adjustments	(restated)
Net operating revenue Cost of services sold	601,462 (440,894)	-	601,462 (440,894)	596,309 (433,745)	-	596,309 (433,745)
Gross profit	160,568		160,568	162,564	<u> </u>	162,564
	100,500	-	100,300	102,304	-	102,304
Operating expenses						
Selling expenses	(12,428)	-	(12,428)	(12,428)	-	(12,428)
General and administrative expenses	(86,375)	-	(86,375)	(88,022)	-	(88,022)
Other operating revenues/(expenses), net	(5,798)		(5,798)	(3,530)		(3,530)
	(104,601)	-	(104,601)	(103,980)	-	(103,980)
Operating income (loss) before equity in earnings (losses) of controlled companies and financial						
income (loss)	55,967	-	55,967	58,584	-	58,584
Equity in earnings (losses) of controlled companies	5,977	-	5,977	-	-	-
Financial income (loss), net						
Financial expenses	(65,513)	4,024	(61,489)	(66,254)	4,024	(62,230)
Financial revenues	336,184	(109,618)	226,566	342,389	(109,618)	232,771
	270,671	(105,594)	165,077	276,135	(105,594)	170,541
Other revenues	1,074,183	(1,074,183)	-	1,074,183	(1,074,183)	-
Income (loss) before Income and Social Contribution taxes	1,406,798	(1,179,777)	227,021	1,408,902	(1,179,777)	229,125
	100 740	0/7 07/	101 005	101 (15	0/7.07/	100,001
Income and Social Contribution taxes Noncontrolling interest	123,719	367,376	491,095 -	121,615	367,376	488,991 -
Loss for the period	1,530,517	(812,401)	718,116	1,530,517	(812,401)	718,116
Income (loss) for the period attributable to Controlling shareholder Noncontrolling shareholder	1,530,517 -	(812,401)	718,116	1,530,517	(812,401)	718,116
Basic and diluted income (losses) per share for the period Preferred shares Common shares	67.9840 61.8036		31.8980 28.9982	:		:

Statements of comprehensive income (loss)

As at December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais):

		Parent company			Consolidated		
	Statements of comprehensive income (loss) in 2022 (Disclosed)	Adjustments	Statement of comprehensive income (loss) in 2022 (Restated)	Statements of comprehensive income (loss) in 2022 (Disclosed)	Adjustments	Statement of comprehensive income (loss) in 2022 (Restated)	
Loss for the period Other comprehensive income (loss) Total comprehensive income (loss) for the	1,530,517	(812,401)	718,116	1,530,517	(812,401)	718,116	
year	1,530,517	(812,401)	718,116	1,530,517	(812,401)	718,116	

Statements of Changes in Equity

(In thousands of Brazilian Reais):

		Capital	Accumulated			
	Capital stock	reserves	losses	Total	Noncontrolling interest	Total
As at December 31, 2021	298,809	11,685	(2,818,534)	(2,508,040)	49	(2,507,991)
Loss for the year	-	-	1,530,517	1,530,517	-	1,530,517

As at December 31, 2022 (disclosed)	298,809	11,685	(1,288,017)	(977,523)	49	(977,474)
Prior-year adjustments	-	-	(812,401)	(812,401)	-	(812,401)
Balances as at December 31, 2022 (Restated)	298,809	11,685	(2,100,418)	(1,789,924)	49	(1,789,875)

Statements of cash flows

As at December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais):

		Parent company			Consolidated	
	Statements of cash flows 2022 (Disclosed)	Adjustments	Statements of cash flows 2022 (restated)	Statements of cash flows 2022 (Disclosed)	Adjustments	Statements of cash flows 2022 (restated)
Operating activities		Hajustments	(restated)	(Biscioscu)	Hajastmonts	(rostatod)
Income (loss) before Income and Social						
Contribution taxes	1,406,798	(1,179,777)	227,021	1,408,902	(1,179,777)	229,125
Adjustments for Depreciation/amortization	21,526	-	21,526	22,886	-	22,886
Write-off of fixed assets	313	-	313	459	-	459
Equity in earnings (losses) of controlled companies	(5,977)	-	(5,977)	-	-	-
Debt forgiveness Contingencies	(1,074,183)	1,074,183	- 4,098	(1,074,183) 4,098	1,074,183	- 4,098
Exchange rate gains (losses) on loans abroad	4,098 (324,783)	- 109,610	(215,173)	(324,783)	109,610	(215,173)
Discount to present value	(359)	-	(359)	(359)	-	(359)
Fines and interest on assets	(9,555)	-	(9,555)	(9,696)	-	(9,696)
Fines and interest on liabilities	55,838	(4,024)	51,814	56,427	(4,024)	52,403
Allowance for doubtful accounts	220	-	220	220	-	220
Other asset/liability write-offs		- (0)		(1,021)	- (0)	(1,021)
Adjusted net income (loss)	73,936	(8)	73,928	82,950	(8)	82,942
(Increase) decrease in asset accounts				(2, 710)		(0.710)
Trade notes receivable Notes receivable	(3,665) 1,243	-	(3,665) 1,243	(3,712) 2,771	-	(3,712) 2,771
Recoverable taxes	(136,028)	390	(135,638)	(141,385)	390	(140,995)
Inventories	184	-	(133,030) 184	(2,729)		(2,729)
Advances to suppliers	3,647	-	3,647	(663)	-	(663)
Court deposits	(2,131)	-	(2,131)	(782)	-	(782)
Other assets	(1,691)		(1,691)	(2,131)		(2,131)
	(138,441)	390	(138,051)	(148,631)	390	(148,241)
Increase (decrease) in liability accounts						
Trade accounts payable	(17,600)	-	(17,600)	(17,597)	-	(17,597)
Tax liabilities	164,767	(382)	164,385	165,873	(382)	165,491
Payroll and social charges Paid interest on loans	1,195	-	1,195	1,320	-	1,320
Other liabilities	(247) (11,638)	-	(247) (11,638)	(247) (11,286)	-	(247) (11,286)
	136,477	(382)	136,095	138,063	(382)	137,681
Cash flows from operating activities	71,972		71,972	72,382	-	72,382
Investing activities						
Acquisition of fixed assets	(31,190)	-	(31,190)	(33,133)	-	(33,133)
Acquisition of intangible assets	(161)	-	(161)	(1,661)	-	(1,661)
Acquisition of investments	(8,983)	-	(8,983)	-	-	-
Cash flows from investing activities	(40,334)	-	(40,334)	(34,794)		(34,794)
Financing activities						
Advance for Future Increase in Capital (AFAC) -	(0.1.0.1-)		(0.1.01-)			
Related-party payments	(24,940)	-	(24,940)	-	-	-
Loans paid	(7,802)	-	(7,802)	(7,802)		(7,802)
Cash flows from financing activities	(32,742)	-	(32,742)	(7,802)	-	(7,802)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,104)		(1,104)	29,786	-	29,786
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	3,116 2,012		3,116 2,012	26,660 56,446		26,660 56,446

		Parent company			Consolidated	
	Statements of value added in 2022 (disclosed)	Adjustments	Statements of value added in 2022 (restated)	Statements of value added in 2022 (disclosed)	Adjustments	Statements of value added in 2022 (restated)
Revenues						
Gross operating revenue	803,607	-	803,607	804,600	-	804,600
Sales returns	(1,835)	-	(1,835)	(1,835)	-	(1,835)
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(220)	-	(220)	(220)	-	(220)
Other operating revenues (expenses), net	1,074,172	(1,074,183)	(11)	1,074,733	(1,074,183)	550
	1,875,724	(1,074,183)	801,541	1,877,278	(1,074,183)	803,095

Inputs acquired from third parties

Cost of goods sold	(351,095)	-	(351,095)	(338,097)	-	(338,097)
Materials, energy, third-party services and others	(181,675)		(181,675)	(181,123)		(181,123)
Gross value added	1,342,954	(1,074,183)	268,771	1,358,058	(1,074,183)	283,875
Withholdings						
Depreciation, Amortization and Depletion	(21,526)	-	(21,526)	(22,886)		(22,886)
Net value added generated	1,321,428	(1,074,183)	247,245	1,335,172	(1,074,183)	260,989
Value added received through transfer Equity in earnings (losses) of controlled						
companies	5,977	-	5,977	-	-	-
Financial revenues	336,184	(109,618)	226,566	342,389	(109,618)	232,771
Deferred Income and Social Contribution taxes	127,502	369,150	496,652	127,502	369,150	496,652
Total value added to be distributed	1,791,091	(814,651)	976,440	1,805,063	(814,651)	990,412
Controlling shareholders Noncontrolling shareholders	1,791,091	(814,651)	976,440	1,805,063	(814,651)	990,412
Value added distribution						
Personnel and charges	71,418	-	71,418	75,629	-	75,629
Taxes, fees and contributions	119,771	1,774	121,545	128,763	1,774	130,537
Interest and rent	69,385	(4,024)	65,361	70,154	(4,024)	66,130
Income (loss) for the period	1,530,517	(812,401)	718,116	1,530,517	(812,401)	718,116
Value added distributed	1,791,091	(814,651)	976,440	1,805,063	(814,651)	990,412
=						

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Statements of value added

As at December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais)

		Parent company			Consolidated	
	Statements of		Statements of value	Statements of		Statements of value
	value added in 2022 (disclosed)	Adjustments	added in 2022 (restated)	value added in 2022 (disclosed)	Adjustments	added in 2022 (restated)
Revenues		Aujustments	(restated)		Aujustments	(Testateu)
Gross operating revenue	803,607	-	803,607	804,600	-	804,600
Sales returns	(1,835)	-	(1,835)	(1,835)	-	(1,835)
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(220)	-	(220)	(220)	-	(220)
Other operating revenues (expenses), net	1,074,172	(1,074,183)	`(11)́	1,074,733	(1,074,183)	` 55Ó
	1,875,724	(1,074,183)	801,541	1,877,278	(1,074,183)	803,095
Inputs acquired from third parties						
Cost of goods sold	(351,095)	-	(351,095)	(338,097)	-	(338,097)
Materials, energy, third-party services and others	(181,675)		(181,675)	(181,123)	-	(181,123)
Gross value added	1,342,954	(1,074,183)	268,771	1,358,058	(1,074,183)	283,875
Withholdings						
Depreciation, Amortization and Depletion	(21,526)		(21,526)	(22,886)		(22,886)
Net value added generated	1,321,428	(1,074,183)	247,245	1,335,172	(1,074,183)	260,989
Value added received through transfer						
Equity in earnings (losses) of controlled						
companies	5,977	-	5,977	-	-	-
Financial revenues Deferred Income and Social Contribution taxes	336,184	(109,618)	226,566	342,389	(109,618)	232,771
	127,502	369,150	496,652	127,502	369,150	496,652
Total value added to be distributed	1,791,091	(814,651)	976,440	1,805,063	(814,651)	990,412
Controlling shareholders	1,791,091	(814,651)	976,440	1,805,063	(814,651)	990,412
Noncontrolling shareholders	-	-	-	-	-	-
Value added distribution						
Personnel and charges	71,418	-	71,418	75,629	-	75,629
Taxes, fees and contributions	119,771	1,774	121,545	128,763	1,774	130,537
Interest and rent	69,385	(4,024)	65,361	70,154	(4,024)	66,130
Income (loss) for the period Value added distributed	1,530,517	(812,401)	718,116	1,530,517	(812,401)	718,116
value added distributed	1,791,091	(814,651)	976,440	1,805,063	(814,651)	990,412

6. Consolidation

The financial statements includes those of Cimento Tupi S.A. - Under Court-Ordered Reorganization and of the controlled companies listed below, in which the Company holds more than 20% of ownership interest.

	Ownership interest %			
	Capital stock		Voting capital	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Touro Empreendimentos Imobiliários e Participações Ltda.	99.99	99.99	99.99	99.99
Tupi do Nordeste Ltda.	99.99	99.99	99.99	99.99
Cimento Tupi Overseas Inc.	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
CP Cimento Overseas Co.	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Tupi Rio Transportes S.A.	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Tupimec - Indústria Mecânica Ltda.	99.99	99.99	99.99	99.99
MMape Incorporação e Empreendimentos Ltda.	99.99	99.99	99.99	99.99
Tupi Mineradora de Calcário Ltda.	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90
Britas Arujá Ltda.	99.99	99.99	99.99	99.99

The process of consolidation of accounts recorded in the statements of financial position and operations corresponds to the sum of assets, liabilities, income and expenses according to their nature, plus the following eliminations:

- Ownership interest, reserves and retained earnings;
- Balances of intercompany accounts and other asset and/or liability accounts held by the companies whose statements of financial position were included in consolidation;
- Balances of intercompany revenues and expenses;
- Effects of material intercompany transactions.

The financial information of the consolidated controlled companies was prepared for the same period as the Company's. Accounting practices were consistently applied by all consolidated companies.

7. Cash and cash equivalents

	Parent company		Consolidated	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Cash and banks	1,274	3,116	1,303	2,589
Bank Certificates of Deposit (CDB)	738	-	45,204	24,071
Real Estate Receivables Certificates (CRI)	-	-	9,939	-
	2,012	3,116	56,446	26,660

CDBs refer to investments whose yields approximate the variation of the Interbank Deposit Rate (CDI).

The highest yield of financial investments listed above is 96% of CDI.

8. Accounts receivable

	Parent co	ompany	Consolidated			
	2022 (Restated)	2021	2022 (Restated)	2021		
Trade notes receivable Provision for expected losses	31,682 (6,073)	32,555 (10,392)	31,728 (6,073)	32,555 (10,392)		
·	25,609	22,163	25,655	22,163		

The changes in the allowance for doubtful accounts during the years ended December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2021, are as follows:

Balances as at December 31, 2021	Amount (10,392)
(+) Addition to the allowance for doubtful accounts(-) Write-off for loss	(220) 4,539
Balances as at December 31, 2022 (Restated)	(6,073)
Balances as at December 31, 2020	(10,185)
(+) Addition to the allowance for doubtful accounts(-) Write-off for loss	(207)
Balances as at December 31, 2021	(10,392)

The Company recognizes this allowance based on the history of expected losses monitored by Management, at an amount deemed sufficient to cover probable losses on realization of accounts receivable.

The balance of consolidated accounts receivable per maturity is as follows:

	Parent con	npany	Consolidated			
	2022		2022			
	(Restated)	2021	(Restated)	2021		
Falling due	17,862	10,479	17,908	10,479		
Overdue for up to 90 days	1,590	542	1,590	542		
Between 91 and 180 days overdue	84	750	84	750		
More than 180 days overdue	6,073	10,392	6,073	10,392		
	25,609	22,163	25,655	22,163		

9. Inventories

	Parent com	npany	Consolidated			
	2022 (Restated)	2021	2022 (Restated)	2021		
Finished goods	5,249	3,072	6,145	3,871		
Work in process	3,651	5,247	3,651	5,247		
Raw material - Slag	14,667	13,561	14,667	13,561		
Raw material - Coke	4,426	5,806	4,426	5,806		
Other raw materials	14,664	11,596	14,665	11,597		
Materials for maintenance and						
consumption	28,619	31,140	28,632	31,145		
Inventory in transit	(804)	234	(804)	234		
Land for sale (i)			37,037	34,229		
	70,472	70,656	108,419	105,690		

(i) This refers to inventories of plots of land belonging to the controlled companies Mape Incorporação e Empreendimentos Ltda. and Touro Empreendimentos Imobiliários e Participações Ltda.

10. Taxes to offset

	Parent com	ipany	Consolida	ted
	2022		2022	
	(Restated)	2021	(Restated)	2021
Current assets				
State VAT (ICMS)	1,072	6,094	1,074	6,108
Income Tax/Social Contribution Tax	116	-	501	57
Contribution to the Social Integration Program/				
Contribution for Social Security Funding				
(PIS/COFINS)	43,140	28,283	43,144	28,323
Federal VAT (IPI)	529	458	529	458
Others		333	-	333
	44,857	35,168	45,248	35,279
Noncurrent assets				
ICMS	1.019	5,315	1.019	5,315
PIS/COFINS	90,070	123,687	90,070	123,687
	91,089	129,002	91,089	129,002

In October 2020, the Company recognized the individual and consolidated balances of PIS and COFINS credits, amounting to R\$ 32,512 thousand and R\$ 142,856 thousand, respectively, subject to offset. These amounts, totaling R\$ 175,368, result from a final and unappealable court decision issued on September 30, 2019, which removed ICMS from the calculation basis of PIS and COFINS and authorized the administrative offset of amounts paid in the five years prior to the decision, to be requested to and approved by the Brazilian Federal Revenue Service. On February 19, 2021, the Federal Revenue Service started the process of determining the total amount of this credit, which ended in March/2022, allowing the Company to offset such amount.

11. Notes receivable

	Parent com	npany	Consolidated			
	2022 (Restated)	2021	2022 (Restated)	2021		
Seival Sul Mineração S.A. (i) Ano Bom Incorp. e empreendimentos S.A. (ii)	-	1,237	3,127	1,237 2,882		
Agemar Empreendimentos e Participações Ltda. (iii) Discount to present value Others	4,440 (395)	4,440 (755)	4,440 (395)	4,440 (755) 753		
-	4,045	4,922	7,172	8,557		
Current assets Noncurrent assets	4,045	4,922	3,127 4,045	3,635 4,922		

- (i) It refers to the balance receivable from the sale of shares of Companhia Nacional de Mineração Candiota;
- (ii) It refers to the balance receivable from the sale of a property in Barra Mansa, state of Rio de Janeiro, by the controlled company Mape;
- (iii) It refers to the balance receivable from the sale of the controlled company Suape Granéis do Nordeste Ltda.

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

12. Investments in controlled companies

a) Statements of main controlled companies:

	2022 (Restated)					2021				
	Mape Incorporação	Tupimec	Tupi			Маре	Tupimec	Tupi		
	е	Indústria	Mineradora	Tupi do	Tupi Rio	Incorporação e	Indústria	Mineradora	Tupi do	Tupi Rio
	Empreendimentos	Mecânica	de Calcário	Nordeste	Transportes	Empreendimentos	Mecânica	de Calcário	Nordeste	Transportes
	Ltda.	Ltda.	Ltda.	Ltda.	S.A.	Ltda.	Ltda.	Ltda.	Ltda.	S.A.
Ownership interest - %	99.99	99.99	99.90	99.99	100.00	99.99	99.99	99.90	99.99	100.00
Equity	48,208	(64)	49,768	2,324	(2,584)	38,942	24	48,190	2,332	(4,616)
Income (loss) for the year	2,859	(88)	(518)	(488)	2,041	(843)	(52)	(570)	(411)	(1,540)

b) Changes in investments:

				2022 (Resta	ited)				2021
	Mape Incorporação e Empreendimentos Ltda.	Tupimec Indústria Mecânica Ltda.	Tupi Mineradora de Calcário Ltda.	Tupi do Nordeste Ltda.	Tupi Rio Transportes S.A.	Touro Empreendimentos Imobiliários e Participações Ltda.	Others	Total	Total
Balance at beginning of year Capital contributions Equity in earnings (loss) of	38,939 6,406	23	48,141 2,096	2,332 481	-	16,747	261	106,443 8,983	96,493 11,399
controlled companies Reclassification as liability	2,859	(88) 65	(518)	(488)	2,041 (2,041)	2,171	-	5,977 (1,976)	(2,989) 1,540
Balance at end of year	48,204	-	49,719	2,325	-	18,918	261	119,427	106,443
				2021					2020
	Mape Incorporação e Empreendimentos Ltda.	Tupimec Indústria Mecânica Ltda.	Tupi Mineradora de Calcário Ltda.	Tupi do Nordeste Ltda.	Tupi Rio Transportes S.A.	Touro Empreendimentos Imobiliários e Participações Ltda.	Others	Total	Total
Balance at beginning of year Capital contributions Equity in earnings (loss) of	35,658 4,124	75	45,856 2,855	2,323 420	-	12,320 4,000	261	96,493 11,399	84,788 11,934
controlled companies Reclassification as liability	(843)	(52)	(570)	(411)	(1,540) 1,540	427	-	(2,989) 1,540	(2,511) 2,282
Balance at end of year	38,939	23	48,141	2,332	-	16,747	261	106,443	96,493

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Mape Incorporação e Empreendimentos Ltda.

Mape is mainly engaged in developing, administrating, purchasing and selling own properties.

Tupimec Indústria Mecânica Ltda.

Tupimec is mainly engaged in manufacturing and installing industrial machinery and equipment and repair and maintenance services for railway equipment.

Tupi Mineradora de Calcário Ltda.

Tupi Mineradora is mainly engaged in exploring and using mineral reserves, as well as in exploring agriculture, livestock, afforestation and reforestation, with the sale of products from these activities.

Tupi do Nordeste Ltda.

Tupi do Nordeste is mainly engaged in exploring agriculture, livestock, afforestation and reforestation, with the sale of products from these activities.

Britas Arujá Ltda.

Britas Arujá is an entity in pre-operating stage that is mainly engaged in exploring, using, researching and mining mineral reserves, including granite grit found in Brazilian territory, and trading products deriving from such activities.

Touro Empreendimentos Imobiliários e Participações Ltda.

Touro Empreendimentos Imobiliários e Participações is mainly engaged in developing, administrating, purchasing and selling own properties.

Tupi Rio Transportes S/A

Tupi Rio is mainly engaged in road transport at the municipal, state and interstate levels, using its own fleet and/or a third party's for freight in general and for transporting bagged and bulk cargo, liquid, gaseous and special cargo, or cargo stored in containers, as well as hazardous products.

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

13. Fixed assets

		Pare	ent company		
-		2022 (Restated)		2021	
		Accumulated			Annual
		Depreciation and			depreciation
Accounts	Cost	depletion	Net	Net	rates
Plots of land	29,425	-	29,425	29,330	
Buildings	108,854	(32,127)	76,727	78,914	2%
Industrial machinery, equipment and					
facilities	696,003	(311,550)	384,453	384,970	3.33%
Furniture and fixtures	3,515	(3,000)	515	470	10%
Vehicles	7,675	(5,356)	2,319	2,397	20%
Railway wagons	21,021	(4,163)	16,858	14,209	3.33%
Leasehold improvements	902	(879)	23	-	(*)
Machinery and equipment to be					
installed	2,714	(724)	1,990	2,081	3.33%
Construction in progress	32,319	-	32,319	27,020	
Advances to suppliers	2,450	-	2,450		
Limestone mines	23,136	(4,013)	19,123	19,580	(**)
Others	6,578	(5,376)	1,202	312	4% to 20%
-	934,592	(367,188)	567,404	559,283	

	Consolidated								
		2022 (Restated)							
	-	Accumulated			Annual				
		depreciation/		2021	depreciation				
Accounts	Cost	depletion	Net	Net	rates				
Plots of land	53,897	-	53,897	53,688					
Buildings	108,884	(32,149)	76,735	78,922	2%				
Industrial machinery, equipment and									
facilities	697,313	(312,402)	384,911	385,523	3.33%				
Furniture and fixtures	3,530	(3,009)	521	471	10%				
Vehicles	14,859	(10,171)	4,688	4,414	20%				
Railway wagons	21,021	(4,163)	16,858	14,209	3.33%				
Leasehold improvements	902	(879)	23	-	(*)				
Machinery and equipment to be									
installed	2,714	(724)	1,990	2,081	3.33%				
Construction in progress	32,431	-	32,431	27,020					
Advances to suppliers	2,910	-	2,910	510					
Limestone mines	23,136	(4,013)	19,123	19,580	(**)				
Others	6,775	(5,388)	1,387	495	4% to 20%				
	968,372	(372,898)	595,474	586,913					

(*) Depreciation according to the terms of lease agreements;

(**) Limestone mines are amortized according to the period of depletion in proportion to the extracted ore.

As at December 31, 2022, the amount of R\$ 20,788 (R\$ 20,015 as at December 31, 2021), referring to depreciation, was accounted for as cost of goods sold.

Management reviewed the net book value of its assets as at December 31, 2022, to test them for impairment, and the recognition of a provision for impairment was not considered necessary.

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

During the assessment of recoverability of its assets, the Company used value in use per Cash Generating Unit (UCG) based on projections approved by Management and assumptions that are consistent with analyses performed in 2022 and 2021, which consider:

- Review of scenarios for each UGC pursuant to business plans;
- The country's macroeconomic scenario;
- Cash flow period compatible with proven mineral reserves, without perpetuity, also including assets with long maturation periods;
- Constant dollar discount rate of 11.83% based on the Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC).

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Changes in fixed assets for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, were as follows:

							Parent compar	ıy					
Cost of fixed assets	Plots of land	Buildings	Industrial machinery, equipment and facilities	Furnitur e and fixtures	Vehicles	Railway wagons	Leasehold improvements	Machinery and equipment to be installed	Constructi on in progress	Advances to suppliers	Limestone mines	Others	Total
Balance as at 2021	29,330	108,854	679,299	3,397	7,104	17,756	875	2,714	27,020	-	23,136	5,530	905,015
Additions Transfers Write-offs	106 - (11)	- -	4,087 13,956 (1,339)	86 33 (1)	490 81 -	2,565 700 -	- 27 -	-	21,042 (15,482) (261)	2,450	- -	364 685 (1)	31,190 - (1,613)
Balance as at 2022 (restated)	29,425	108,854	696,003	3,515	7,675	21,021	902	2,714	32,319	2,450	23,136	6,578	934,592
							Parent compar	ıy					
Depreciation of fixed assets	Plots of land	Buildings	Industrial machinery, equipment and facilities	Furnitur e and fixtures	Vehicles	Railway wagons	Leasehold improvements	Machinery and equipment to be installed	Constructi on in progress	Advances to suppliers	Limestone mines	Others	Total
Balance as at 2021	-	(29,940)	(294, 329)	(2,927)	(4,707)	(3,547)	(875)	(633)	-	-	(3,556)	(5,218)	(345,732)
Additions Transfers Write-offs	-	(2,187) - -	(17,222) - 1	(74) - 1	(649) - -	(616) - -	(4)	(91) - -	- -	-	(457) - -	(158) - -	(21,458) - 2
Balance as at 2022 (restated)		(32,127)	(311,550)	(3,000)	(5,356)	(4,163)	(879)	(724)			(4,013)	(5,376)	(367,188)
							Parent compar	ıy					
Net fixed assets	Plots of land	Buildings	Industrial machinery, equipment and facilities	Furnitur e and fixtures	Vehicles	Railway wagons	Leasehold improvements	Machinery and equipment to be installed	Constructi on in progress	Advances to suppliers	Limestone mines	Others	Total
Balance as at 2022 (restated)	29,425	76,727	384,453	515	2,319	16,858	23	1,990	32,319	2,450	19,123	1,202	567,404

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

	Parent company												
Cost of fixed assets	Plots of land	Buildings	Ind. machinery, equip. and facilities	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Railway waqons	Leasehold improvements	Machinery and equipment to be installed	Constructi on in progress	Advances to suppliers	Limestone mines	Others	Total
Balance as at 2020	28,698	109,652	655,503	3,220	5,183	15,729	875	2,714	26,022	2,062	23,136	5,720	878,514
Additions Transfers Write-offs	2,024 - (1,392)	- 89 (887)	3,947 22,514 (2,665)	37 249 (109)	1,923 18 (20)	2,027 - -	- - -	- -	24,614 (22,879) (737)	(2,062)	- -	61 9 (260)	34,633 - (8,132)
Balance as at 2021	29,330	108,854	679,299	3,397	7,104	17,756	875	2,714	27,020		23,136	5,530	905,015

							Parent compar	ıy					
Depreciation of fixed assets	Plots of land	Buildings	Industrial machinery, equipment and facilities	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Railway wagons	Leasehold improvements	Machinery and equipment to be installed	Constructi on in progress	Advances to suppliers	Limestone mines	Others	Total
Balance as at 2020	-	(28,389)	(278,611)	(2,965)	(4,376)	(3,015)	(746)	(542)	-	-	(3,098)	(5,362)	(327,104)
Additions Transfers Write-offs	- -	(2,207) - 656	(16,460) - 742	(68) - 106	(352) 	(532) - -	(129)	(91) - -	- -	- -	(458) - -	(114) - 258	(20,411) - 1,783
Balance as at 2021		(29,940)	(294,329)	(2,927)	(4,707)	(3,547)	(875)	(633)			(3,556)	(5,218)	(345,732)

							Consolidated	k					
								Machinery					
			Industrial					and					
			machinery,	Furniture				equipment		Advances			
	Plots of		equipment	and		Railway	Leasehold	to be	Construction	to	Limeston		
Cost of fixed assets	land	Buildings	and facilities	fixtures	Vehicles	wagons	improvements	installed	in progress	suppliers	e mines	Others	Total
Balance as at 2021	53,688	108,884	680,674	3,406	13,033	17,756	875	2,714	27,020	510	23,136	5,725	937,421
Additions	220	-	4,117	92	2,169	2,565	-	-	21,154	2,450	-	366	33,133
Transfers	-	-	13,956	33	81	700	27	-	(15,482)	-	-	685	-
Write-offs	(11)	-	(1,434)	(1)	(424)	-	-	-	(261)	(50)	-	(1)	(2,182)
Balance as at 2022 (restated)	53,897	108,884	697,313	3,530	14,859	21,021	902	2,714	32,431	2,910	23,136	6,775	968,372

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

							Consolidated						
			Industrial machinery, equipment	Furniture				Machinery and equipment					
Depreciation of fixed assets	Plots of land	Buildings	and facilities	and fixtures	Vehicles	Railway waqons	Leasehold improvements	to be installed	Construction in progress	Advances to suppliers	Limestone mines	Others	Total
Balance as at 2021	-	(29,962)	(295,151)	(2,935)	(8,619)	(3,547)	(875)	(633)		-	(3,556)	(5,230)	(350,508)
Additions Transfers	-	(2,187)	(17,252)	(75)	(1,976)	(616)	(4)	(91)		-	(457)	(158)	(22,816)
Write-offs	-	-	1	1	424	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	426
Balance as at 2022 (restated)		(32,149)	(312,402)	(3,009)	(10,171)	(4,163)	(879)	(724)			(4,013)	(5,388)	(372,898)

							Consolidated						
			Industrial					Machinery					
			machinery,	Furnituro				and					
	Plots of		equipment and	Furniture and		Railwav	Leasehold	equipment to be	Construction	Advances to	Limeston		
Net fixed assets	land	Buildings	facilities	fixtures	Vehicles	wagons	improvements	installed	in progress	suppliers	e mines	Others	Total
Balance as at 2022 (restated)	53,897	76,735	384,911	521	4,688	16,858	23	1,990	32,431	2,910	19,123	1,387	595,474

		Consolidated												
			ام ما					Machinery						
			Ind. machinery,	Furniture				and equipment						
Cost of fixed assets	Plots of land	Buildings	equip. and facilities	and fixtures	Vehicles	Railway wagons	Leasehold improvements	to be installed	Construction in progress	Advances to suppliers	Limeston e mines	Others	Total	
Balance as at 2020	53,056	109,682	656,660	3,229	9,694	15,729	875	2,714	26,022	2,521	23,136	5,915	909,233	
Additions	2,024	-	4,165	37	3,450	2,027	-	-	24,614	51	-	61	36,429	
Transfers	-	89	22,514	249	18	-	-	-	(22,879)	-	-	9	-	
Write-offs	(1,392)	(887)	(2,665)	(109)	(129)	-	-	-	(737)	(2,062)	-	(260)	(8,241)	
Balance as at 2021	53,688	108,884	680,674	3,406	13,033	17,756	875	2,714	27,020	510	23,136	5,725	937,421	

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

							Consolidated						
Depreciation of fixed assets	Plots of land	Buildings	Ind. machinery, equip. and facilities	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Railway wagons	Leasehold improvement s	Machinery and equipment to be installed	Constructio n in progress	Advances to suppliers	Limestone mines	Others	Total
Balance as at 2020	-	(28,404)	(279,429)	(2,973)	(7,600)	(3,015)	(746)	(542)	-	-	(3,098)	(5,374)	(331,181)
Additions Transfers	-	(2,214)	(16,464)	(68)	(1,146)	(532)	(129)	(91)	-	-	(450)	(114)	(21,216)
Write-offs	-	656	742	106	127	-	-	-	-	-	-	258	1,889
Balance as at 2021		(29,962)	(295,151)	(2,935)	(8,619)	(3,547)	(875)	(633)			(3,556)	(5,230)	(350,508)

14. Intangible assets

		Parent compa	any		Consolidated					
	Goodwill	Mining rights	Others	Total	Goodwill	Mining rights	Others	Total		
Balances as at 2021	93,564	35,143	271	128,978	93,564	57,553	416	151,533		
Additions Amortization	-	56 -	105 (64)	161 (64)	-	1,553 -	108 (67)	1,661 (67)		
Balances as at 2022 (restated)	93,564	35,199	312	129,075	93,564	59,106	457	153,127		
		- ·								

		Parent compa	iny		Consolidated					
	Goodwill	Mining rights	Others	Total	Goodwill	Mining rights	Others	Total		
Balances as at 2020	93,564	35,143	243	128,950	93,564	57,372	388	151,324		
Additions Amortization	- -	-	158 (130)	158 (130)	-	181 -	158 (130)	339 (130)		
Balances as at 2021	93,564	35,143	271	128,978	93,564	57,553	416	151,533		

Impairment test for cash generating units containing goodwill

Goodwill is directly related to the plant of Pedra do Sino (MG). The recoverable value of the assets was calculated based on the Company's cash generating unit: Pedra do Sino Plant, using discounted cash flows during the useful life of the cash generating unit's assets.

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

With the Company's assets having been tested for impairment as at December 31, 2022, the recoverable amount is higher than the assets' book value. Accordingly, no provision was made for impairment as at December 31, 2022.

15. Loans and financing (Consolidated)

-	202 (Resta		202	01	
	Current	Non Current	Current	Non Current	Current status
Parent company Domestic currency Megeve Capital LLC		Guiront		Guiront	Credit, previously post-petition credit, transferred to Valais Fundo de Investimento em Participações Multiestratégia de Responsabilidade Limitada on 12/13/2023, this credit becoming petition credit, subject to the conditions of the New Plan which was
Acquired in April 2013, originally adjusted at CDI + interest of 1% p.a. and 0.5% p.a., maturity up to Oct/2030	236,234		<u> </u>	214,586 214,586	approved on 07/03/2024. On 08/09/24, Valais subscribed debentures issued by the Company and integrated them with the aforementioned Credit
Working capital Bank Credit Notes (CCBs) issued by Banco Credit Suisse in April 2013, originally adjusted at CDI + interest of 4% p.a.					Credit, previously post-petition credit, transferred to Valais Fundo de Investimento em Participações Multiestratégia de Responsabilidade Limitada on 12/13/2023, this credit becoming petition credit, subject to the conditions of the New Plan which was approved on 07/03/2024. On 08/09/24, Valais subscribed debentures issued by the
Geribá Participações (CCB originally issued by Banco Credit Suisse)	132,307 <u>3,573</u> 372,114	- - -	113,512 <u>3,573</u> 118,462	- - 214,586	Company and integrated them with the aforementioned Credit. Petition credit subject to the conditions of the New Plan which was approved on 07/03/2024.
Foreign currency Notes Sinosure - FacilityAgreement (Agricultural	1,805,924	-	1,931,494	-	Petition credit subject to the conditions of the New Plan which was approved on 07/03/2024. Petition credit - Part of this credit was granted to Fontainenoir overseas LTD in
Bank of China) Tupacta AG	102,506 1,189,861	-	112,715 1,276,101	-	May/2024, subject to the conditions of the New Plan which was approved on 07/03/2024. Petition credit subject to the conditions of the New Plan which was approved on 07/03/2024.
Other -	749 3,099,041		3,320,310	939 939	077 007 2024.
Parent company Consolidated	3,471,155 3,471,155	-	3,438,772 3,438,772	215,525 215,525	

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

16. Related-party transactions

	2022 (Restated)										
	Tupi Rio Transportes S.A.	Tupi Mineradora de Calcário Ltda.	Touro Empreendimentos Imobiliários e Participações Ltda.	Tupi do Nordeste Ltda.	Mape Incorporação e Empreendimen tos Ltda.	Tupimec Indústria Mecânica Ltda.	Britas Arujá Ltda.	Total	Total		
Noncurrent assets Advance for increase in capital	14	-	46,251	-	-	165	-	46,430	20,397		
Current liabilities Anticipated dividends	-		-	-	15,584	-	8	15,592	15,592		
Transactions Cost of goods sold and services rendered	(49,682)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(49,682)	(34,580)		

Related-party transactions mainly refer to intercompany accounts, as well as services rendered and operation of the entities' businesses.

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

17. Taxes and contributions in installments

These mainly refer to the installment payment of ICMS to the states of São Paulo, Minas Gerais and Rio de Janeiro.

			Parent co	mpany		
		2022 (Restated)			2021	
	Principal	Interest/		Principal	Interest/	
	amount	fine	Total	amount	fine	Total
Current liabilities	37,443	12,226	49,669	26,188	10,646	36,834
ICMS	33,307	11,102	44,409	21,835	8,917	30,752
Others	4,136	1,124	5,260	4,353	1,729	6,082
Noncurrent liabilities	63,766	27,285	91,051	76,501	25,019	101,520
ICMS	51,685	24,260	75,945	68,870	21,882	90,752
Others	12,081	3,025	15,106	7,631	3,137	10,768
	101,209	39,511	140,720	102,689	35,665	138,354
			Consolio	dated		
		2022 (Restated)			2021	
	Principal	Interest/	-	Principal	Interest/	
	amount	fine	Total	amount	fine	Total
Current liabilities	39,211	12,637	51,848	27,688	11,198	38,886

Current liabilities	39,211	12,637	51,848	27,688	11,198	38,886
ICMS	34,158	11,340	45,498	22,732	9,025	31,757
Others	5,053	1,297	6,350	4,956	2,173	7,129
Noncurrent liabilities	65,978	27,732	93,710	80,389	25,507	105,896
ICMS	52,947	24,546	77,493	71,653	21,476	93,129
Others	13,031	3,186	16,217	8,736	4,031	12,767
	105,189	40,369	145,558	108,077	36,705	144,782

18. Taxes payable

	Parent com	ipany	Consolidated		
	2022 (Restated)	2021	2022 (Restated)	2021	
	(Resialeu)	2021	(Resiated)	2021	
ICMS	8,891	6,878	9,023	6,994	
PIS/COFINS	713	-	796	78	
Tax on Services (ISS)	564	550	570	556	
Others	921	898	938	913	
	11,089	8,326	11,327	8,541	

19. Other accounts payable

	Parent com	pany	Consolidated		
	2022 (Restated)	2021	2022 (Restated)	2021	
Current liabilities	(10010100)		(10010100)	2021	
Advances from customers	931	594	931	611	
Credit purchase agreement - ICMS	-	4,800	-	4,800	
Provision - electricity	4,358	3,915	4,358	3,915	
Profit sharing program	3,447	6,004	3,447	6,004	
Others	1,520	2,123	1,991	2,226	
	10,256	17,436	10,727	17,556	

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

	Parent co	mpany	Consolidated			
	2022 (Restated)	2021	2022 (Restated)	2021		
Noncurrent liabilities Credit purchase agreement - ICMS		4,196	-	4,196		
	-	4,196	-	4,196		

20. Provision for investments

	Parent co	mpany	Consolidated		
	2022 (Restated)	2021	2022 (Restated)	2021	
Noncurrent liabilities Investment - Tupi Rio Transportes S/A Investment - Tupimec Ind. Mecânica Ltda	2,584 64	4,625	-	-	
	2,648	4,625	-	-	

21. Equity

a) Capital stock

As at December 31, 2022, fully subscribed and paid-in capital stock is represented by 11,793 common shares and 11,792 preferred shares with no par value. Preferred shares are not entitled to voting and to receiving minimum or fixed dividends.

b) Capital reserves

The goodwill reserve represents excess value upon issue or capitalization in relation to basic share value on the date of issue, in 1996.

c) Statutory reserve

This reserve is recognized through allocation of 5% of net income for the year until it reaches 20% of capital stock, which is the limit provided for in corporate law, and may be used to absorb accumulated losses.

d) Appropriated retained earnings

This account is recognized by retaining part of net income for the year, if any. Such retention is based on the capital budget prepared by Management and approved by Shareholders in the Annual General Meeting, and is intended to be used in the Company's future investments.

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

e) Dividends

Shareholders are entitled to mandatory dividends of 25% of net income for the year, adjusted in conformity with legal provisions.

Holders of preferred shares are entitled to receive dividends per share that are 10% higher than dividends per share paid to holders of common shares.

f) Earnings (losses) per share

In compliance with CPC 41, the Company presents the following statements on earnings (losses) per share for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Basic earnings (losses) per share are calculated by dividing net income (loss) for the period attributable to holders of the parent company's common and preferred shares by the weighted average of common and preferred shares outstanding during the period.

The following tables present the results and shares used to calculate basic and diluted losses per share:

		2022 (Restated)			2021	
	Common shares	Preferred shares	Total	Common shares	Preferred shares	Total
Income for the year Weighted average number of	341,975	376,141	718,116	(63,931)	(63,925)	(127,856)
shares (in thousands of shares) Basic and diluted earnings per	11,793	11,792	23,585	11,793	11,792	23,585
share	28.9982	31.8980		(5.4211)	(5.4211)	

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

22. Income and Social Contribution taxes

a) Reconciliation of Income and Social Contribution tax expenses:

								Parent com	bany							
				Income Ta	ах						Social	Contribution T	axes			
	4Q22 - Quarterly taxable income (Restated)	3Q22 - Quarterly taxable income	2Q22 - Quarterly taxable income	1Q22 - Quarterly taxable income	4Q21 - Quarterly taxable income	3Q21 - Quarterly taxable income	2Q21 - Quarterly taxable income	1Q21 - Quarterly taxable income	4Q22 - Quarterly taxable income (Restated)	3Q22 - Quarterly taxable income	2Q22 - Quarterly taxable income	1Q22 - Quarterly taxable income	4Q21 - Quarterly taxable income	3Q21 - Quarterly taxable income	2Q21 - Quarterly taxable income	1Q21 - Quarterly taxable income
Income (loss) before taxes	106,322	(82,122)	(284,788)	487,609	(89,768)	(200,276)	410,745	(297,612)	106,322	(82,122)	(284,788)	487,609	(89,768)	(200,276)	410,745	(297,612)
Additions Equity in earnings (losses) of controlled companies Realization of positive difference of sub-account asset Exchange rate gains (losses) arising from loans Interest on loans Provision for contingencies Other add-backs	26 4,281 3,888 2,147	26 100,139 4,262 2,317	26 297,092 3,676 - 8,128	52 26 3,111 40 5,869	478 27 83,976 3,327 48 2,917	757 27 260,201 2,551 - 1,214	1,000 27 1,955 18,793 1,147	754 26 274,933 1,259 - 1,252	- 26 - 4,281 3,888 1,147	- 26 100,139 4,262 - 1,317	26 297,092 3,676 - 1,147	52 26 - 3,111 40 1,147	478 27 83,976 3,327 48 2,917	757 27 260,201 2,551 - 1,214	1,000 27 - 1,955 18,793 1,147	754 26 274,933 1,259 - 1,252
Deductions Equity in earnings (losses) of controlled companies Depreciation - Corporate x Tax rate differences Exchange rate gains (losses) arising from loans Reversal of contingencies Other deductions	587 8,216 112,197 - 93	2,979 8,189 - 91	2,463 8,391 - 1,864	8,411 500,209 - 605	8, 225 - - 85	8,152 18,745 83	8,129 413,690 80	8,097 - 79	587 8,216 112,197 - 93	2,979 8,189 - 91	2,463 8,391 - - 89	- 8,411 500,209 - 605	8,225 - 85	8,152 - 18,745 83	8,129 413,690 80	8,097 - 79
Adjusted income/(loss)	(4,429)	13,363	11,416	(12,518)	(7,305)	37,493	11,768	(27,564)	(5,429)	12,363	6,210	(17,240)	(7,305)	37,493	11,768	(27,564)
Applicable rates	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	9%	9%	9%	9%	9%	9%	9%	9%
Current Income and Social Contribution taxes		(2,407)	(1,980)	-	-	(10,239)	(2,044)	-	-	(779)	(391)			(3,692)	(741)	-
Tax debts accrued from deferred Income and Social Contribution Taxes on temporary differences	395,468	23,295	(52,506)	(1,072)	49,424	(5,834)	3,395	(1,457)	142,369	8,386	(18,902)	(386)	17,792	(2,100)	1,223	(524)
Income and Social Contribution Taxes in income (loss)	395,468	20,888	(54,486)	(1,072)	49,424	(16,073)	1,351	(1,457)	142,369	7,607	(19,293)	(386)	17,792	(5,792)	482	(524)

	Consolidated															
				Income Ta	ах				Social Contribution Taxes							
	4Q22 - Quarterly taxable income (Restated)	3Q22 - Quarterly taxable income	2Q22 - Quarterly taxable income	1Q22 - Quarterly taxable income	4Q21 - Quarterly taxable income	3Q21 - Quarterly taxable income	2Q21 - Quarterly taxable income	1Q21 - Quarterly taxable income	4Q22 - Quarterly taxable income (Restated)	3Q22 - Quarterly taxable income	2Q22 - Quarterly taxable income	1Q22 - Quarterly taxable income	4Q21 - Quarterly taxable income	3Q21 - Quarterly taxable income	2Q21 - Quarterly taxable income	1Q21 - Quarterly taxable income
Income (loss) before taxes	106,855	(81,395)	(284,132)	487,796	(89,602)	(200,189)	410,773	(297,602)	106,855	(81,395)	(284,132)	487,796	(89,602)	(200,189)	410,773	(297,602)
Additions Earnings (losses) of controlled companies under the deemed profit method Realization of positive difference of sub-account asset Exchange rate gains (losses) arising from loans Interest on loans Provision for contingencies Other add-backs	26 4,281 3,888 2,183	26 100,139 4,262 2,344	26 297,092 3,676 8,147	26 3,111 40 5,883	27 83,976 3,327 48 2,917	27 260,201 2,551 - 1,214	476 27 - 1,955 18,793 1,147	17 26 274,933 1,259 1,252	26 - 4,281 3,888 1,183	26 100,139 4,262 1,344	26 297,092 3,676 1,166	26 - 3,111 40 1,161	27 83,976 3,327 48 2,917	27 260,201 2,551 1,214	476 27 1,955 18,793 1,147	17 26 274,933 1,259 - 1,252
Deductions Earnings (losses) of controlled companies under the deemed profit method Depreciation - Corporate x Tax rate differences Exchange rate gains (losses) arising from loans Reversal of contingencies Other deductions	1,329 8,216 112,197 - 93	2,273 8,189 - - 91	2,443 8,391 - 1,864	415 8,411 500,209 - 605	96 8,225 - - 85	67 8,152 - 18,745 83	8,129 413,690 80	8,097 - 79	1,329 8,216 112,197 - 93	2,273 8,189 - - 91	2,443 8,391 - 89	415 8,411 500,209 605	96 8,225 - - 85	67 8,152 - 18,745 83	8,129 413,690 80	8,097 - 79
Adjusted income/(loss)	(4,602)	14,823	12,111	(12,784)	(7,713)	36,756	11,272	(28,291)	(5,602)	13,823	6,905	(17,506)	(7,713)	36,756	11,272	(28,291)
Applicable rates	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	9%	9%	9%	9%	9%	9%	9%	9%
Current Income and Social Contribution taxes	-	(2,407)	(1,980)	-	-	(10,239)	(2,044)	-	-	(779)	(391)	-	-	(3,692)	(741)	-
Current Corporate Income Tax (IRPJ)and Social Contribution Tax (CSLL) of controlled companies - taxable income IRPJ and CSLL - Deemed profit	(14) (374)	(176) (349)	(232) (249)	(19) (114)	(120)	(61)	(18)	(6)	(7) (140)	(70) (131)	(81) (94)	(9) (45)	(47)	(26)	(10)	(4)
Tax debts accrued from deferred Income and Social Contribution Taxes on temporary differences	395,468	23,295	(52,506)	(1,072)	49,424	(5,834)	3,395	(1,457)	142,369	8,386	(18,902)	(386)	17,792	(2,100)	1,223	(524)
Income and Social Contribution Taxes in income (loss)	395,080	20,363	(54,967)	(1,205)	49,424	(16,134)	1,333	(1,463)	142,222	7,406	(19,468)	(440)	17,792	(5,818)	472	(528)

b) Breakdown of deferred Income and Social Contribution Taxes

	Parent company and consolidated				
	2022	2021			
	(Restated)	2021			
Income and Social Contribution tax losses	695,508	130,261			
Provisions for contingencies	1,308	5			
Taxed transactions on a cash basis - (exchange rate/interest on					
loans)	217,597	285,720			
Deferred IRPJ and CSLL tax assets	914,413	415,986			
Deferred IRPJ and CSLL on temporary differences	(88,290)	(78,376)			
Tax amortization of goodwill	(31,812)	(31,812)			
Deferred IRPJ and CSLL tax liabilities	(120,102)	(110,188)			
	794,311	305,798			

Considering expected generation of taxable income in the next years, the Company recognized deferred Income and Social Contribution on the balance of tax losses.

The Company realized the balance of deferred Income and Social Contribution Taxes on tax losses recognized in 2014 and 2017, and in the first and second quarters of 2022.

23. Provisions for contingencies

The Company and its controlled companies are parties to lawsuits and administrative proceedings in the course of their operations, regarding tax, labor, civil and other issues. Based on the opinion of its legal counselors, the Company conducts an analysis of pending lawsuits and recognizes a provision in an amount deemed sufficient to cover estimated losses on ongoing lawsuits for those with expectation of probable loss.

As at December 31, 2022, the Company maintains a provision for contingencies arising from labor and tax discussions whose likelihood of loss is probable, in the amount of R\$ 3,847 (R\$ 15 as at December 31, 2021).

	Parent com	ipany	Consolidated			
	2022 (Restated)	2021	2022 (Restated)	2021		
Initial balance	15	3,868	15	3,868		
New Adjustment Concluded	3,691 141 -	- 12 (3,865)	3,691 141 -	- 12 (3,865)		
Final balance	3,847	15	3,847	15		

As at December 31, 2022, the Company has court deposits in the amount of R\$ 15,528 in its consolidated balance (R\$ 13,401 as at December 31, 2021).

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

In addition, the Company and its controlled companies are parties to civil, labor and tax proceedings whose likelihood of an unfavorable outcome has been classified as possible by Management and its legal counselors. Therefore, no provision for contingencies was set up.

As at December 31, 2022, the amount of such contingencies was R\$ 119,152 (R\$ 113,674 as at December 31, 2021), as follows:

	Parent cor	mpany	Consolidated		
	2022		2022		
Туре	(Restated)	2021	(Restated)	2021	
Tax contingencies	41,621	39,151	107,196	100,410	
Labor contingencies	8,586	11,533	8,646	12,241	
Civil contingencies	3,296	1,010	3,310	1,023	
	53,503	51,694	119,152	113,674	

24. Net operating revenue

	Parent com	npany	Consolidated			
	2022 (Restated)	2021	2022 (Restated)	2021		
Gross sales revenue Sales of goods	803,607	662,071	804,600	662,334		
Deductions from sales	(202,145)	(166,295)	(208,291)	(170,761)		
Sales returns	(1,835)	(992)	(1,835)	(992)		
ICMS on sales	(138,801)	(114,292)	(140,305)	(115,494)		
PIS and COFINS on sales	(61,509)	(50,797)	(66,029)	(53,957)		
Others	-	(214)	(122)	(318)		
Net operating revenue	601,462	495,776	596,309	491,573		

25. General and administrative expenses

	Parent com	npany	Consolidated		
	2022		2022		
	(Restated)	2021	(Restated)	2021	
Expenses on remuneration, charges and					
benefits	(38,830)	(23, 158)	(39,030)	(23,343)	
Lawyers' fees (*)	(28,449)	(13,571)	(28,550)	(14,460)	
Lease of properties/vehicles/equipment	(351)	(310)	(384)	(349)	
Travel expenses	(1,038)	(490)	(1,100)	(522)	
Third-party/consulting services	(14,362)	(4,335)	(14,939)	(5,003)	
Others	(3,345)	(3,006)	(4,019)	(3,537)	
	(86,375)	(44,870)	(88,022)	(47,214)	

(*) The increase in consulting and lawyers' fees is due to the Company's Court-ordered reorganization process.

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

26. Other operating revenues/(expenses), net

	Parent com	npany	Consolidated	
	2022 (Restated)	2021	2022 (Restated)	2021
Provision for contingencies	(3,832)	(2,635)	(3,832)	(2,635)
PIS/COFINS credit	800	3,463	800	3,463
Write-off of fixed assets/investments	(11)	(1,636)	389	(1,349)
ICMS on shipments	(880)	(1,855)	(880)	(1,855)
Taxes paid in installments	(1,629)	(1,870)	(1,629)	(1,870)
Others	(246)	(1,459)	1,622	(1,429)
	(5,798)	(5,992)	(3,530)	(5,675)

27. Financial income, net

Parent com	ipany	Consolidated	
2022		2022	
(Restated)	2021	(Restated)	2021
(18,429)	(21,811)	(18,429)	(21,811)
(20,837)	1,094	(21,431)	842
(321)	(274)	(322)	(276)
(21,652)	(29,922)	(21,652)	(29,922)
-	(205,433)	-	(205,433)
(250)	(241)	(396)	(323)
(61,489)	(256,587)	(62,230)	(256,923)
1,118	203	1,210	206
9	4	5,743	918
808	625	808	625
215,169	-	215,169	-
9,112	3,917	9,482	4,004
350	326	359	327
226,566	5,075	232,771	6,080
165,077	(251,512)	170,541	(250,843)
	2022 (Restated) (18,429) (20,837) (321) (21,652) (250) (61,489) 1,118 9 808 215,169 9,112 350 226,566	(Restated) 2021 (18,429) (21,811) (20,837) 1,094 (321) (274) (21,652) (29,922) - (205,433) (250) (241) (61,489) (256,587) 1,118 203 9 4 808 625 215,169 - 9,112 3,917 350 326 226,566 5,075	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

28. Segment reporting

Management groups entities into two distinct segments:

a) Cement

This segment is mainly engaged in manufacturing cements and mortars of all types in the Company's manufacturing units.

b) Own properties management and development

This segment is mainly engaged in developing and administrating own properties, conducted by two of the Company's controlled companies.

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Management monitors operating income (loss) of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions on the allocation of funds and assessment of performance.

The segment's performance is appraised based on operating income (loss), consistently measured in relation to that reported in the consolidated financial statements.

The Company's segment information is as follows:

	_		2022 (Restated)		
		Real estate management and			Total
	Cement	development	Others	Exclusions	Consolidated
Net revenue	601,462	8	44,522	(49,683)	596,309
Gross profit	160,568	8	1,988	-	162,564
Depreciation and amortization	(21,526)	-	(1,360)	-	(22,886)
Operating income	55,967	720	1,897	-	58,584
Financial Income (loss)	165,077	5,804	(340)	-	170,541
Equity in earnings (losses) of controlled				(5, 0, 7, 7)	
companies	5,977	-	-	(5,977)	-
Income before taxes	227,021	6,524	1,557	(5,977)	229,125
Income and Social Contribution taxes	491,095	(1,496)	(608)	-	488,991
Noncontrolling interest Net income	- 718,116	5,028	- 949	(5,977)	718,116
Current assets	148,622		4,280	(5,977)	250,266
Noncurrent assets	1,768,552	15,584	52,835	(181,200)	1,655,771
Current liabilities	3,609,552	46,687	5,096	(62,980)	3,598,355
Noncurrent liabilities	97,546	93	2,566	(2,648)	97,557
	777010	,,,	2,000	(2/0/0)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
			2021		
		Real estate			
		management			-
	<u> </u>	and	0.11	- · ·	Total
	Cement	development	Others	Exclusions	Consolidated
Net revenue	495,776	26	30,351	(34,580)	491,573
Gross income (loss)	143,508	26	(1,365)	-	142,169
Depreciation and amortization	(20,538)	-	(922)	-	(21,460)
Operating income (loss)	81,442	(1,031)	(2,335)	-	78,076
Financial Income (loss)	(251,512)	906	(237)	-	(250,843)
Equity in earnings (losses) of controlled companies	(2,989)			2,989	
Income (loss) before taxes	(173,059)	(125)	(2,572)	2,989	(172,767)
Income and Social Contribution taxes	45,203	(292)	(2,372)	2,707	44,911
Noncontrolling interest		(272)	_	_	
Net income (loss)	(127,856)	(417)	(2,572)	2,989	(127,856)
Current assets	139,824	60,695	4,401	(1,566)	203,354
Noncurrent assets	1,269,467	15,584	50,898	(142,183)	1,193,766
Current liabilities	3,591,450	20,383	5,201	(37,555)	3,579,479
Noncurrent liabilities	325,881	206	4,169	(4,624)	325,632

29. Financial instruments and risk management

29.1. Analysis of financial instruments

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities is included in the value for which an instrument may be exchanged in a current transaction between the parties on an arm's length basis, and not in a forced sale or settlement.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate fair value.

- Cash and cash equivalents, trade accounts receivable, trade accounts payable and other short-term obligations approximate their respective book value mostly due to these investments' short-term maturity;
- The fair value of receivables does not significantly differ from the book balances, since it is monetarily restated consistently with market rates and/or is adjusted by the provision for impairment.

Loans and financing bear fixed rates, which are consistent with those observable in the market; therefore, the book balances informed approximate their respective fair values.

The classification of financial assets of the Company and its controlled companies per category is as follows:

	1	Parent cor	mpany		
·	2022				
	(Restated)			2021	
Amortized cost	Fair value through profit or loss	Total	Amortized cost	Fair value through profit or loss	Total
2,012	-	2,012	3,116	-	3,116
25,609	-	25,609	22,163	-	22,163
5,993	-	5,993	6,870	-	6,870
46,430		46,430	20,397		20,397
80,044	-	80,044	52,546	-	52,546
		Consolid	ated		
	2022				
	(Restated)			2021	
				Fair value	
				5	
	0 1	Tatal			Tatal
	OF IOSS			IOSS	Total
	-			-	26,660
	-	25,655	22,163	-	22,163
9,120		9,120	10,505		10,505
91,221	-	91,221	59,328	-	59,328
	cost 2,012 25,609 5,993 46,430 80,044 Amortized cost 56,446 25,655 9,120	2022 (Restated)Amortized costFair value through profit or loss2,012 25,609-5,993 46,430-5,993 46,430-80,044-2022 (Restated)-Amortized costFair value through profit or loss56,446 25,655-9,120-	$\begin{array}{c c} 2022 \\ (Restated) \\ \hline Fair value \\ through profit \\ or loss \\ 2,012 \\ 25,609 \\ \hline 2,012 \\ \hline 2,012 \\ 25,609 \\ \hline 2,012 \\ \hline 2,$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

29.2. Classification of financial instruments by category

The main financial liabilities of the Company and its controlled companies may be classified and accounted for at fair value through profit or loss, as follows:

	Parent com	npany	
	2022		
Financial liabilities	(Restated)	2021	
Trade accounts payable	38,111	56,484	
Loans and financing	3,471,155	3,654,297	
Related-party transactions	15,592	15,592	
	3,524,858	3,726,373	
	Consolidated		
	2022		
Financial liabilities	(Restated)	2021	
Trade accounts payable	38,888	56,484	
Loans and financing	3,471,155	3,654,297	
-	3,510,043	3,710,781	

29.3. Risk management

The financial transactions of the Company and its controlled companies are previously approved by the Company's Management and performed through the finance area according to conservative strategies, focusing on safety, profitability and liquidity. Hedging mechanisms are adopted against financial risks arising from liabilities contracted, either in foreign or domestic currency, in order to manage exposure to exchange and interest rate risks.

The criteria for selection of financial institutions obey parameters that take into consideration ratings made available by renowned agencies specialized in the analysis of risk, equity, and concentration levels of transactions and resources. The main market risk factors that could affect the Company's business and that of its controlled companies are as follows:

a) Exchange rate risk

Exchange rate risk is related to the possibility of the Company incurring losses derived from fluctuation in exchange rates.

As the Company's liabilities are recognized in US dollars, the unpredictability of floating liabilities substantially derives from fluctuation in exchange rates, as shown in the simulation of future values considering devaluation of the Brazilian Real before the US dollar of 25% and 50%.

		Sensitivity	analysis
	-	(Scenario I)	(Scenario II)
Foreign-currency loans	Amount	future value I	future value II
Notes	1,805,924	2,257,405	2,708,886
Sinosure	102,506	128,132	153,759
Tupacta	1,189,861	1,487,326	1,784,791
Cemrock	749	936	1,123

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

b) Credit risk

Financial instruments are subject to credit risks such as cash and cash equivalents and trade accounts receivable. All operations are conducted with banks with acknowledged liquidity, thus minimizing such risks.

The risk of incurring losses resulting from difficulty in receiving amounts from customers is minimized since sales are spread among a large number of customers, and subject to an individually established credit limit.

c) Interest rate risk

This risk derives from the possibility of the Company incurring losses due to fluctuation in interest rates increasing financial expenses mainly arising from loans.

d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk represents the risk of scarcity and difficulty on the part of the Company in paying its debts. The Company and its controlled companies seek to align the maturity of their debts with the period of cash generation to avoid a mismatch and create the need for greater leverage.

The following table shows in detail the remaining contractual maturity of the Company's main financial liabilities and the contractual amortization terms. This table was prepared according to the undiscounted cash flows of financial assets and liabilities based on the nearest date of maturity of the respective obligations.

		Parent c	ompany	
	Up to one	One to	More than	
	year	three years	three years	Total
Loans and financing	3,471,155	-	-	3,471,155
Trade accounts payable	38,111	-	-	38,111
Advances from customers	930	-	-	930
Other financial liabilities	99,356	74,833	22,713	196,902
Balances as at December 31, 2022	3,609,552	74,833	22,713	3,707,098
		Consol	idated	
	Up to one	Consol One to	idated More than	
	Up to one year			Total
Loans and financing		One to	More than	Total 3,471,155
Loans and financing Trade accounts payable	year	One to	More than	
0	year 3,471,155	One to	More than	3,471,155
Trade accounts payable	year 3,471,155 38,888	One to	More than	3,471,155 38,888
Trade accounts payable Advances from customers	year 3,471,155 38,888 930	One to three years	More than three years - -	3,471,155 38,888 930

30. Insurance coverage

The Company and its controlled companies take out insurance for their inventories and fixed asset items in the Named-perils and Civil Liability categories. Aspects considered when evaluating risks are as follows: (a) decentralized location of industrial plants (Minas Gerais, Rio de Janeiro and São Paulo); (b) nature of activities; and (c) accident prevention measures. Maximum Indemnity Limit (LMI) is R\$ 198,685 for the industrial plants.

The amounts of coverage take into consideration estimates to cover possible losses in sites with concentrated risks and maximum possible claim loss in a single event.

Risk assumptions adopted, due to their nature, were established by Management.

31. Subsequent events

On February 08, 2024, the Company entered into an agreement to support its restructuring with a group of creditors that represent approximately 80% of the Company's total credits. In view of that, on February 23, 2024, the Company under Reorganization presented a New Plan, which was approved by obtaining sufficient number of creditors' Terms of Adhesion for such approval, without the need to hold a Creditors' Meeting, as provided for in Articles 45, 45-A and 58 of LRF. The publication in the Electronic Court Register (DJE) of the decision approving the New Plan occurred on July 03, 2024, enabling the Company to pay its creditors again, as established in the New Plan.

It is worth noting that, with the approval of the New Plan, all effects of the previous PRJ cease to have effect and acts performed during its term are cancelled, except payments made to creditors under this plan that are expressly authorized, validated and ratified for all legal purposes by the New Plan.

On July 5, 2024, the Company's extraordinary general meeting approved the issuance of debentures with a maturity of 120 (one hundred and twenty) months from July 5, 2024, with the mortgage of real estate as collateral. The debentures were subscribed on 08/09/24 by the class II creditor and integrated with credits, as detailed in the New Plan.

The New Plan can be fully consulted at the following link: http://cimentotupi.com.br/recuperacao-judicial/

Notes to the individual and consolidated financial statements For the year ended December 31, 2022 (In thousands of Brazilian Reais, unless otherwise stated)

Supreme Court of Brazil changes its understanding regarding res judicata in tax matters

On February 08, 2023, Supreme Federal Court (STF) issued its decision on Matters 881 - Extraordinary Appeal No. 949.297 and 885 - Extraordinary Appeal No. 955.227, which deal with the limits of res judicata in tax matters, notably upon issue of a final and unappealable decision in the concentrated control of constitutionality by which it declares the constitutionality of a tax previously considered unconstitutional, and the effects of judicial reviews presented by it on res judicata in tax relations of recurring nature, respectively.

The ministers who discussed these matters unanimously concluded that final court decisions in favor of taxpayers should be annulled if, at a later time, STF changes its understanding on the subject.

Accordingly, impacts of the judgment of Matters No. 881 and 885 was analyzed by examining/confirming two points: (i) the existence of a favorable res judicata in an individual claim related to a legal relation of recurring nature, resulting in the recognition of the unconstitutionality of the tax; and (ii) issue of a new unfavorable decision by STF, in general repercussion or a judicial review, by which it declares the constitutionality of the tax.

Regarding the Company's tax proceedings, no impacts of the judgment on Matters 885 and 881 were identified, mainly because all still await a final and unappealable decision.

Management, together with its internal and external legal advisors, evaluated the possible impacts of such decision and concluded that, among those lawsuits which the Company is a party to, active and finished alike, none were affected by the recent STF judgment on Matters 881 and 885.

In view of the aforementioned facts, the decision does not result, in line with CPC25/IAS37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets and CPC24/IAS10 Subsequent Events, in significant impacts on the Company's financial statements as at December 31, 2022.